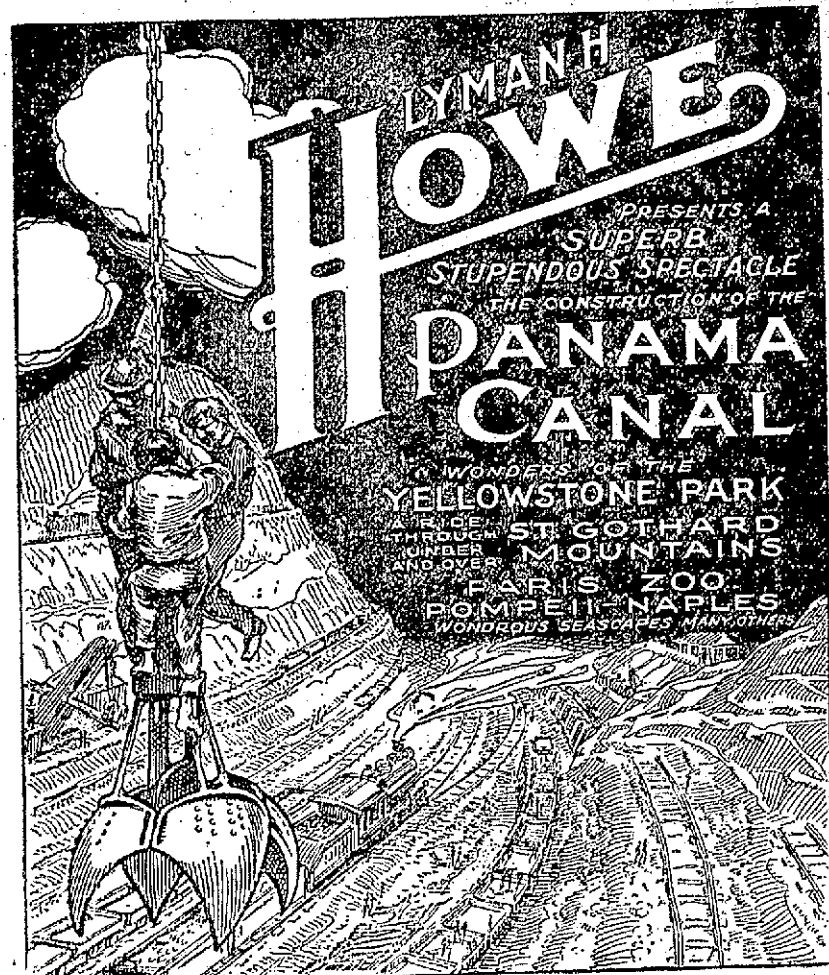


DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, May 13, 1914.

Daly's Theatre, Monday, May 18th



Prices 25c, 35c and 50c.

Pronounced Horse All Right.
The following letter has been received by E. T. McCarthy from A. S. Alexander, in charge of the department of horse breeding of the University of Wisconsin:

Madison, Wis., May 6, 1914.
Mr. E. T. McCarthy, Grand Rapids, Wis.
Dear Sir:—Dr. H. P. Clute, V. S., having made affidavit that your stallion IMMORTAL is sound the complaint against him is herewith dismissed.

Thanks for the photo of your two stallions. They are excellent individuals and should prove of great value to the horse breeders of your community.

Very truly yours,
A. S. ALEXANDER,
In charge Department of Horse Breeding.

Men Plead Guilty.
At Stevens Point Saturday Gust Peter and Vincent Brostowicz and Mike Jagodinski entered a plea of guilty to the charge of assault and battery and were fined \$20 each and costs. The costs amounted to \$19.25 for each defendant. This is the case which was out of an assault committed upon Frank Kirsling in his horse shoeing shop in March. The original charge against the young men was assault to do great bodily harm.

Royal Nash vs. Nell Morgan Nash, Wood county special judgment of divorce granted plaintiff.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Getzlaff departed on Tuesday for Milwaukee where they will go to housekeeping at once. Mr. Getzlaff is employed as a machinist in a large machine shop there.

NOTICE!

Last Number of Entertainment Course

President GEORGE E. VINCENT
Of the University of Minnesota

Lincoln High School, Saturday, May 16th,
Eight O'clock P. M.

Special on Coats!

Now is the time to buy your Spring Coat. Never before have such Great Bargains been offered.

READ THE PRICES

Blue and black Serge Coats, regularly sold at \$10, at this sale \$5.48
\$15.00 Coats will be sold at this sale for \$9.98
\$20.00 Silk Moire Coats at this sale only \$14.98
\$12.00 and \$14.00 Coats specially priced at \$8.00

Millinery Bargains

During this sale we offer all our Millinery, Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Etc., at a general reduction of 25 per cent. Our line of Millinery is complete now and is sure to please you.



UNDERWEAR

Ladies' shirts, worth 10c, sale price 5c
Ladies' union suits, worth 35c, sale 21c
25c ladies' shirts, sale 15c
Children's union suits all sizes 21c
Men's union suits, worth \$1.00, sale price 79c
Men's union suits, worth 50c, sale price 39c

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S DRESSES

Misses' white dress worth \$4.00, sale \$2.98
Ladies' white dresses worth \$5.00, sale \$3.98
Children's \$1.25 dresses, sale 95c
1 lot of children's dresses at this sale, only 49c
Ladies' kimono, worth \$1.25, at this sale only 88c

MEN'S AND BOYS' FURNISHINGS

Men's work shirts, sale price 39c
Men's blue serge pants, worth \$3.00, sale \$1.98
Men's \$2.50 pants, at this sale \$1.73
Men's regular \$1.25 pants, sale 73c
Men's pants, regular price \$2.00, sale \$1.29
Boys' pants, worth 35c, at this sale only 18c
Boys' suits, worth \$2.50, at this sale \$1.48
Boys' blue serge suits, worth \$5.00, sale \$2.98
Boys' gingham blouses, at this sale only 19c
Men's suspenders at this sale only 19c
Neckties at this sale only 17c

SPECIALS

2 spools of sansilk for 5c
Men's large blue and red handkerchiefs, 2 for 5c
All our 5-8c lace and insertion, at this sale per yard 2c
Rick Rac braid price 5c, at this sale 3c
10c Rick Rac braid, now 5c
Children's 15c hose, at this sale 8c
5c embroidery at this sale, per yard 3c

SUIT CASES

1 lot of suit cases, at this sale 78c

East Side

STEINBERG'S STORE Grand Rapids

FEDERATION MEETS AT MARSHFIELD

The eighth district Federation of women's clubs was held at Marshfield on Wednesday and Thursday of last week. A large delegation from Grand Rapids, Stevens Point, and Waupaca, were present and a smaller number from Shawano, Kaukauna, and Wautoma, all of whom presented excellent reports of their year's work along the line of civic improvement and library, hospital and school helps and an especially fine report was given by the delegation from Shawano. Considering the size of the town, the ladies have accomplished wonders and worked as one for the improvement and good of the community with most pleasing results. It certainly acted as an inspiration to the other clubs both large and small to listen to this report.

In the absence of Mrs. Guy Nash, at the time the Grand Rapids report was called for, it was given by Mrs. C. O. Babcock and was a most complete one, telling of all the ladies have accomplished in civic improvements, benefits for the schools, the hospital and in aiding the poor during the winter, and what is started on the improvement of the east river bank.

Social Center work was reported on and our Parental Association was described to some extent as all seemed very much interested in this line of work. As the President, Mrs. Strathairn of Kaukauna, did not arrive until late in the afternoon of Wednesday, the first Vice President, Mrs. Anna Lathrop, acted as chairman of the meeting. The address of welcome was given by Mrs. Hamilton Roddis, as Mrs. J. C. Marsh had been called out of town. The response was given by Mrs. C. W. McGee of Shawano.

A most pleasing song was sung by Mrs. J. H. Cundy of Marshfield. After an address by Mrs. Strathairn the meeting adjourned until evening.

The evening session was opened by a selected chorus by Messrs. Finney, Campbell, Isley, MacCullough and Messdames Williams, Cundy, McCullough and Bailey.

This chorus was followed by a most excellently rendered piano duet by Mrs. Williams and Miss McMillan, and a solo by Mr. Finney was sung in his usual pleasing way. Miss Ellen C. Sabin of Milwaukee Downer College gave the story of Enoch Arden, she being a reader of unusual ability and pleasing delivery, delighted the audience, she was accompanied at the piano by Miss McMillan.

After the piano playing, Mrs. Strathairn also gave the story of Enoch Arden, she being a reader of unusual ability and pleasing delivery, delighted the audience, she was accompanied at the piano by Miss McMillan.

Thursday morning's schedule was carried out according to program with the exception of the solo, Miss Imogene Hayward singing in place of Mrs. Williams. Mrs. Isaac Witter gave a very strong and instructive talk on the Suffrage Question, stating progress made along that line in the different states and benefits derived from their success in winning the vote for women. Her appeal to the club women of this district and strong reasons set forth in favor of same, will do much to help the cause in this state. Short addresses on this subject were given from Stevens Point and Waupaca. Addresses on "Home Economics by Mrs. Truesdell of Waupaca and "Art in the Relation to Home" by Mrs. Leahy of Stevens Point were ably discussed.

A most delightful luncheon was served by the ladies of the Presbyterian church in the church parlors to which all the visiting ladies and their hostesses were invited, after which the auto owners of the city donated their cars to the Federation and the ladies were shown the many attractions of Marshfield and nearby surroundings.

A very interesting address on furnishing enough interesting attractions in our small home towns, so that our boys will not leave the excitement of the large cities, where so few win success and so many fall, was interestingly handled by Prof. W. C. Otto, Supt. of Marshfield High school. Another address on "Land Marks," was of great interest to the ladies as many clubs have been working for the preservation of these. Prof. Frank Gilmore of Madison told which the date here.

In the evening a reception was held at the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Tiffault, which was delightful in every respect.

The ladies attending the convention from Grand Rapids were: Messdames Gibson, DeGuerra, Botsa, Babcock, Guy Nash, Drumb, Reichel, Morrill, DeWitt, Purnell, Miss Ella Hasbrouck and Miss Harriet Williams. All were delightfully entertained during their stay in Marshfield and returned home Friday, well pleased with the hospitality of the Marshfield ladies.

May 15. June 3.
Order Limiting Time to Present Claims and Notice to Creditors.

State of Wisconsin, Wood County, In Court for the County of Wood County, Wisconsin, at the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, on the 13th day of May, 1914.

In the Matter of the Estate of Joseph Sharkey, Deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Joseph Sharkey late of the town of Rudolph, in said County of Wood, deceased, having been duly granted to Valerius Sharkey by this court:

IT IS ORDERED, That the time from the date hereof, until the 15th day of June, 1914, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Joseph Sharkey, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That all claims and demands of all persons against the said Joseph Sharkey, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this Court, at the City of Grand Rapids, in said County, at a special term thereof appointed to be held on the 15th day of June, 1914, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That no claim or demand be presented to the said Court, at the said term, unless the same be accompanied by a copy of this order and notice for the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper published in the County of Wood, the first publication to be within fifteen days of the date hereof.

Dated this 12th day of May, 1914.
By the Court:
J. J. CONWAY, County Judge.
D. D. Conway, Attorney.

It's the Price That Talks.

Prof. Jackson of the Wood County Training School tells us that several years ago they raised a number of pure blood chickens at the training school and in order to give the farmers hereabouts the benefit thereof an offer was made to exchange these chickens, pound for pound, with farmers and others for the ordinary barnyard variety of fowls. It was a good chance for those engaged in raising chickens to improve their stock, but they were so easy to get that nobody cared for them and the result was that a majority of the birds were shipped away.

Last year a quantity of Rural New Yorker potatoes were planted and a good quantity of seed was raised. But instead of trading them was put up to just double the price was put on them and it was impossible to supply the demand, and applications have been coming in all spring for the seed even after the supply was exhausted.

It only illustrates the fact that there are a certain class of people to whom it is impossible to do a favor. If you do try to do something for them they immediately become suspicious and think there is something wrong somewhere. It is the things that you have to pay a good price for in this world that you appreciate.

Death of Wm. E. Little.

William E. Little died at his home in this city last Wednesday forenoon after an illness of several years duration, death being caused by diabetes. Mr. Little became afflicted with the disease about six years ago, and about a year later gangrene set in, and it was expected at the time that he could survive for only a short time, but in spite of the prediction of medical men he did much better than most people afflicted in this manner, and was able to be about town much of the time until a few months ago, when he became worse and was confined to the house until the end came.

Mr. Little was born at Oconomowoc on the 31st of May, 1853, and was in his 61st year when he died. He went to New Lisbon when a young man and was married there in 1882 to Miss Frances Ball. From there the family went to Pittsville where they lived for about thirteen years, moving to this city later. Mr. Little operated a dray line here until he was appointed under sheriff and was afterward elected to the office of sheriff. He also held the office of assessor in the city until incapacitated by his sickness.

Mr. Little was a member of the Odd Fellows lodge, and the members of this order had charge of the services which were held here, the remains being taken to New Lisbon on Friday for burial.

Mr. Little is survived by his wife two sons and one daughter, the children being Harry and Roy Little and Miss Julia Little.

With The Good Templars.

The Good Templars closed another one of their interesting contests at their Monday evening meeting. Von Holiday, captain No. 2 with his loyal associates came out victorious.

Miss Lela Steen captain No. 1 and her able assistants are to serve the winners with ice cream and cake next Monday evening. There is also to be installation of officers and program. Every member is urged to be present.

Twenty-six braved the storm to be on hand to initiate the final class in contest. It was one of the best meetings this last quarter. The Good Templars are making plans for another one of their popular open meetings to be held in the near future.

The Good Templars, meet every Monday evening in Foresters' Hall and have had good attendance every meeting this past winter.

New Machinery Received.

The new machinery recently ordered by the city was received last week. This consisted of a two horse grader, which has since been in use by the city, and the other which will be used in outfitting those streets which it has been decided to use oil instead of water during the coming season. The two horse scraper is proving quite a convenient article for grading up the city streets, as it is not nearly so cumbersome as the old four horse affair that has been heretofore used by the city. As long as it continues to rain regularly twice a day it is probable that the oiler will not be called into use to any great extent.

Ed. Young returned on Saturday from Cleveland where he spent the past month looking after the erection of ice machines for the Grand Rapids Foundry Co.

Wm. Burt has settled with the railroad company for \$800 and at the same time has secured a release of his boy having been killed on the track at the crossing near the foundry last spring.

Senator Howard Teasdale, secretary of the Wisconsin Vice Commission, was in Grand Rapids one day last week looking over the city with a view to discovering what we needed in the way of having our morals regulated. It is not known what his decision was concerning us, but we may find out in time.

Marshfield Times:—Julius Hansen of this city and J. F. Weinberg of Grand Rapids have secured another good building contract, by the terms of which they are to put up in the village of Edgar a parochial school for the Catholic denomination costing about \$12,000. The building will be two stories high with a basement, and will be constructed of solid brick and tile. The equipment will include a modern heating plant.

Peter Krommenaker of Rudolph was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Tuesday. Mr. Krommenaker is advertising his farm for sale in another column of the Tribune, he having decided that owing to his advanced age and the fact that his wife has been incapacitated by sickness during the past six months that it would be better for him to retire from active work and remove to the city.

COUNTY BOARD IS FINISHED FRIDAY

The county board wound up its session at the court house on Friday, after being in session only about four days. Nothing very startling was done by the board at this session, the work being mostly of a routine nature such as allowing bills and attending to the regular order of business that comes before that body.

The sum of \$3000.00 was appropriated for the new agricultural school which will allow the work to go on along these lines during the coming year. In the furtherance of this work a part of the building now used by the Wood County Normal will be used, and there being considerable ground connected with this school, this can be used also.

The sum of \$10,000.00 was appropriated for the trunk line between this city and Marshfield, and it is expected that this sum of money will do a considerable portion of the grading between the two cities, although not much if by any means. It seems that some of the scare that was thrown into the board at the last session by the statement of the state highway commissioner when he stated that a macadam road would not last forever, has worn off, and the indications are that the work will be carried along from year to year as the money can be spared.

All roads wear out if they are used, the rapidly with which they deteriorate being in proportion to the amount they are used and the work that is done in keeping them up, so that the board could not expect to find a material that was anywhere near indestructible for the amount of money that this county could secure.

While it may be considered that Wood county is going a trifle strong on roads, the conditions here are no different from what they are in other sections of the country. A good roads movement is attracting a lot of attention in all over the country, and immense amounts of money are being spent to better the highways.

In some states even the state officials have turned out and worked on the roads, and down in Illinois, one of the muddest states in the universe, they have decided to put the state out of the mud, and the movement goes, all over the country. While Wisconsin is favored somewhat in the fact that many sections have a certain amount of sand in the soil, which prevents the roads from becoming as bad as they might otherwise do, the northern part of it is handicapped by being rather sparsely settled as yet, which makes the burden of road building heavier to carry than it otherwise would be. However, every community should have roads that are passable at all times of the year, and in order to secure this condition of affairs it is necessary to spend some money. Under the circumstances and the general conditions that prevail, the board was justified in continuing the work that has been started.

Gets Six Young Wolves.
Pittsville Record:—Sol Merritt has again displayed the prowess of a den chief when it comes to wolf hunting. Sol can "come back," using the big phrase of the day, as one day last week he came into town and had in his game bag six wolf whelps, which he had found while running the mother wolf southwest of Pittsville.

He brought them home alive and they are the big attraction for a throng of curious. The bodies of the little fellows resemble much that of a young shaggy puppy, but the head and face reveal the old wolf strongly. He was running the old wolf and she passed her hair near by. The dogs at once passed without stopping. From tracks, well beaten, in the earth Mr. Merritt guessed the presence of a den and he followed it up to the old wolf in the care of the dogs. His guess rewarded him with six of them as stated, scattered about the ground in various places and they were old enough to have the instinct to hide. These were found right out in the open on a sandy piece of ground with very little shrubbery and grass for hiding. Generally the she wolf will hole up in a den for the protection of her young.

1000 Cars of Hay.
McCormick, the Green Bay commission dealer, has just finished buying hay in this vicinity, having purchased and shipped over a thousand (1000) cars this spring. As the cars hold over an average of ten tons each, this at the average price of \$12.00 per ton amounts to a total of \$120,000.00 paid for hay by this firm alone.

The Farmers Elevator Co., the Marshall & Hammel elevator and John Fish of St. Johns have purchased enough to bring the total up to \$200,000.00.

Hay buying now is nearly wound up as it is stated that some of the farmers have even sold themselves short.

This is a tidy sum of money to be distributed among the farmers of Outagamie and Brown counties, and is only a small fraction of what they produced on their farms as cheese and butter alone overtops this by a considerable margin, making a good showing for the agricultural interests of this section.—Kaukauna Times.

BIRTHS.
A son to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hafnerman, west side.

A son to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Crossland, town of Sigel.

The case of Helen Hand came up before Justice Pomainville on Tuesday for a hearing, and as the woman promised to leave town at once provided the officers of the law would give her her liberty, she was released.

She was the woman who was arrested about a week ago for disorderly conduct, she having displayed rather a too loving disposition for the comfort of the male portion of the populace in which she came in contact. It is understood that she kept her promise and left town.

Office on the East Side.
By order of Mayor Cohen, City Clerk Brown has moved his office to the east side and will hereafter be located in the library building in the same rooms with the City Engineer and Superintendent of Water Works. The clerk's office will be open during the regular office hours.

Orson Cochrane left this morning for Athens to be gone a week or ten days engaged in tuning pianos for his customers up there.

Gave Two Fine Concerts.

The St. Paul Symphony orchestra appeared at Daly's Theatre Saturday afternoon and evening in two of the most concerts ever produced in this city. Never before were the people of Grand Rapids enabled to listen to music such as was produced on these occasions, and it is entirely probable that the chance will never come again. If the next musical organization that decides to come here takes the trouble to look up the record of attendance on last Saturday it is a sure thing that they will stay away. We pride ourselves in Grand Rapids on being a musically inclined people, but it is evident that most of the people here have been either feeling themselves or their neighbors as a large majority of them passed up this chance of a lifetime and failed to purchase an appearance. A number came here from neighboring places to hear the concerts, but the attendance at both the afternoon and evening performances was very small.

The first prize of \$1.00 was won by Minnie Westall, 215 5th street south, Grand Rapids, Wis., and the money now awaits her at the Tribune office.

The second prize of a year's subscription to the Grand Rapids Tribune was won by Mrs. Ferdinand Hass, R. D. No. 2, Grand Rapids, Wis.

The Missing Word was "off" in the Eugene Miller ad. and the correct answer was submitted by a number of Tribune readers.

Next week will be the last of the missing word contest and the usual conditions will apply.

Death of Philip Yackel.
Philip Yackel, one of the old residents of Toniah, died in this city on Saturday last, after an illness of about a year, death being caused by chronic nephritis. Mr. Yackel was 51 years of age and was born in this city, but left here many years ago, and has lived at Toniah for a long term of years. He was a saw filer by trade, but a number of years ago he took up the study of healing by the Welter and Meyer methods and has been engaged in practice for a number of years. He has made this city regular visits for a number of years past, styling himself a moon doctor, and is said to have been quite successful in his work. He was obliged to give up his work about eight months ago on account of the sickness which resulted in his death.

Buy A Ford.
Think of it—motor car transportation at less than two cents a mile—what is it costing thousands of Ford owners. It's a big reason for Ford popularity. Other reasons—Ford lightness—Ford strength—Ford dependability. Better get yours now.

Five hundred dollars is the price of the FORD runabout, the touring car is five fifty; the town car seven fifty—F. O. B. Detroit, complete with equipment. Get catalog and particulars from Huntington & Leslie, agents.

Entertained at Nekoosa.
A number of Lady Foresters gathered at the home of Mrs. Andrew Zurluh of Nekoosa on Thursday afternoon and evening, May 7, where they were royally entertained by Edna Zurluh and Mrs. Zurluh. Elaborate refreshments were served at six o'clock after which progressive whist was played. The first honors were carried off by Mrs. Henry Halmer and Proxena Golla was awarded the consolation prize. All departed with their minds fully entertained that Mrs. Zurluh and Edna Zurluh left nothing undone to make it pleasant for their sister Foresters.

Five to One.
The Grand Rapids ball team defeated the Nekoosa ball team at Nekoosa on Sunday by a score of 5 to 1. "Rube" Foster, the red hot pitcher was on the mound for the home team and pitched a fine game. It is expected that an effort will be made some time within the next week to organize a first class team, and those in charge should meet with financial support of every loyal citizen. We have the material for a good team right here at home and should take advantage of it. We all want a ball team.

Home Talent a Winner.
The home talent play "Billy's Bunkalew" given at Daly's Theatre Tuesday evening under the auspices of St. Katherine's Guild, drew out a large audience of interested spectators, and the manner in which the play was handled caused many favorable comments. In fact many who attended pronounced it to be better than the average professional play that comes to town, which is certainly good enough for anybody. The different parts were well taken and the audience was well pleased with the production.

Elks Will Go To Wausau.
The local lodge of Elks are making arrangements to attend the convention at Wausau on the 8th and 9th of June, and with this end in view have ordered white uniforms for the occasion. They have also engaged the band for the occasion and will go up in style. It is expected that a large share of the lodge members will go up there from this city. Many of the lodges through the state are preparing to attend the convention in a body and a big time is looked forward to.

FEELS LIKE A NEW WOMAN

As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Dispels Backache, Headaches and Dizziness.

Piqua, Ohio.—"I would be very ungrateful if I failed to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound the praise it deserves, for I have taken it at different times and it always relieved me when my other medicines failed, and when I hear a woman complain I always recommend it. Last winter I was attacked with a severe case of organic weakness. I had backache, pains in my hips and over my kidneys, headache, dizziness, lassitude, had no energy, limbs ached and I was always tired. I was hardly able to do my housework. I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound on one other occasion, and it had helped me so I took it again and it has built me up, until now I feel like a new woman. You may have heard me say to use my name and testimonial in any way and I hope it will benefit suffering women."—Mrs. O. M. TURNER, 421 S. Wayne St., Piqua, Ohio.

Women who are suffering from these distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Polarine
LUBRICATION REDUCING MOTOR OIL

5,918,098 Gallons Polarine Sold Last Year

1,536,232 Gallons More Than in 1912

The constantly increasing use of POLARINE by thousands of motorists is indisputable evidence of its lubricating efficiency.

It affords perfect lubrication to all makes and types of motor cars, motor trucks, motorcycles and motor boats.

POLARINE maintains the correct lubricating body at any motor speed or temperature.

POLARINE remains liquid at zero. POLARINE differs from all other motor oils, in that it lubricates perfectly at extremes of temperature.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(AN INDIANA CORPORATION)

Makers of Lubricating Oils for Leading Engineering and Industrial Works of the World

Bad News.
Small Peter, disguised as a district messenger, was delivering play telegrams to his sisters, who were improvising dispatches of a more or less startling nature. When it came Lillian's turn, she read aloud from her bit of yellow paper, amid finely simulated wails of woe: "Ruffled about my husband. Your loving husband."

It is possible to be active, zealous and diligent, and still go to the dogs. Such a fate is regularly that of the flea.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy. Ad.

Have You a Bad Back?

Does your back ache night and day, making work a burden and rest impossible? Do you suffer from stiffness and pain when stooping or lifting? Most bad backs are due to hidden trouble in the kidneys and if the kidneys are diseased or out of order, no amount of rest or massage will give you relief. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills will cure you. For bad backs and weak kidneys use Doan's Backache Kidney Pills—recommended the world over.

A MICHIGAN CASE
William Hough, 616 Alderman St., Detroit, Mich., writes: "I had long-continued backache and rheumatism in my arms and legs, and my limbs were terribly stiff. I doctored, but didn't get better. I bought Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and took them. I kept on until I was cured and now I feel like a new man."

Get Doan's at Any Store, or a Box of **DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS** FOSTER-McLURE CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

35 BUSHELS PER ACRE was the yield of WHEAT from 160 acres of Western Canada in 1913, some of which was as high as 60 bushels per acre. The wheat was of the hard red winter variety, and the soil was of the best. The yield was made by the use of the best methods of cultivation and the best seed.

The crop of 1913 was an abundant one everywhere in Western Canada.

Ask for descriptive literature and reduced railway rates. Apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

GEO. A. HALL, 123 Second St., Milwaukee, Wis. Canadian Government Agent

INDIAN RELIGIONS wanted of copy and story. Write and tell me what you know. Write to the Editor.

HAPPINESS FOR THE AGED

Many Ways by Which Those About Them May Bring Pleasure into Their Lives.

A medical authority is of the opinion that the aged should receive from the physician and from the family a sympathetic and support that will help and cheer them. The old man should be induced to improve his appearance. His sense of pride should be stimulated. Those around him should, without too great a departure from actual truth, tell him how young he looks. An effort should be made to keep his mind pleasantly employed. The tonic effect of a local happening, which engages the attention of the community, on the aged who are roused to a stronger interest in current affairs, is often quite salutary. They thus have something to "think about, to talk about. They are taken away from the past and again are in the living present. The aged woman rarely becomes as gloomy and depressed as the old man. She has a place in the activities of the household which can never be a part of a man's life. When through age a man's occupation is gone, it is difficult for him to adjust himself to the living present. The aged woman, however, is able to make a leisure source of happiness rather than of unavailing regret.

Time to Change.
Charlie had been born in the city and in all of his four years had never worn overalls until he went to a came out of the house wearing them for the first time and gazing down at them dubiously a horse in a nearby field lifted his head and neighed. Back to his mother he rushed, exclaiming: "Take 'em off, take 'em off! They make a 'orse laugh!"

There's only one thing a woman loves better than to be told a secret, and that is to find it out for herself.

WHAT MEXICANS HAVE FOUGHT FOR

Agrarian Democracy Has Been the Aim of the Peon Class for Past Century.

STRUGGLE STILL GOING ON

Position of Revolutionists and Constitution of 1857, for Which They Stand, Set Forth in Book by Senor de Lara.

In the confusion and lack of exact knowledge that attend the embroilings with Mexico the big issue that has moved the Mexican people to revolt against Huerta has been lost sight of, or is not known to most Americans. What the people of Mexico have fought for from the first war of independence, and what they are fighting for now under Carranza and Villa is the right to buy and till farms. For a hundred years the peon class has waged a continuous struggle to achieve agrarian democracy. Time after time the revolution has been carried to the verge of success, and time after time the Mexican ruling class has invoked foreign intervention in order to prolong its power.

All this and a great deal more is made clear in a book just published by Doubleday, Page & Co., "The Mexican People, Their Struggle for Freedom," by L. Gutierrez de Lara and Edgemoor Pinchon. It is frankly a statement of the position of the revolutionists, and shows why they believe American intervention in Mexico at the present time would only bring about more loss of life and worse conditions in the long run.

Senor de Lara has much to say about the constitution of 1857, that has been ruthlessly set aside by successive governments, and he gives a digest of that instrument, the heads of which follow:

Article I. The Mexican people recognize that the rights of men are the foundation and the purpose of social institutions. In consequence they proclaim that all the laws and authorities of the country must respect and sustain the warranties stipulated by this constitution.

Article II. In the republic every one is born free. The slaves who step into the national territory recover their freedom by this mere fact, and have the right of the protection of the law.

Article III. All education is free. The law will determine which professions need a diploma for its exercise, and what requisites are to be fulfilled.

This fundamental principle was later amplified to make education universal, free, non-sectarian and compulsory.

Article IV. Every man is free to adopt the profession, trade, or work that suits him, it being useful and honest, and to enjoy the product thereof.

Article V. No man shall be compelled to work without his plain consent and without just compensation. The state will not permit to become effective any contract, pact or agreement that involves the curtailment of the loss of the irrevocable sacrifice of the liberty of any man, may the cause be for personal labor, education, or religious vows. The law in consequence does not recognize monastic orders, and will not permit their establishment, no matter what may be the denomination or purpose for which they are intended to be established. Neither will be permitted a contract or agreement by which a man makes a pact for his proscription or exile.

Article VI. The expression of ideas shall not be subjected to any judicial or governmental prosecution except in cases of attack upon the public morality, the rights of a citizen, or the prevention of a crime or a disturbance of public order.

Article VII. The liberty of writing and publishing writings upon any matter is inviolable. No previous censorship nor imposition of bonds upon the writers nor the publishers for the purpose of curtailing the freedom of opinion can be established by any law or authority, such freedom being restricted to respect of private life, morals and public business.

Article VIII. This deals with the right of petition to the government.

Article IX. This gives the right of assembly.

Article X. This establishes the right of every man to possess and carry arms for his safety and legitimate defense.

Article XI. This deals with immigration to the country and other traveling both from the country and into the same.

Article XII. This establishes the invalidity of all titles of nobility, prerogatives and hereditary honors.

Article XIII. In the Mexican Republic no one shall be subjected to private law nor special courts. No man or corporation shall enjoy favors or special commitments unless they be a compensation for public services and already fixed by law.

Article XIV. This establishes the principle that no one shall be tried by retroactive laws.

Article XV. No treaties can be made for the benefit of any individual, neither for those criminals whose crime was committed in a country where they had been slaves; neither can a treaty or agreement be made by which the warranties or rights that almost every block, according to old Spanish custom.

The Paso de la Reforma, the finest avenue in the city, is a broad boulevard almost three miles long.

There were (1903) 353 governing schools in the city, including 13 professional and technical schools, and nearly 200 private schools; a geographical society, a geological society, an association of engineers and architects, and a society of naturalists, who have a national library dedicated in 1902, of upwards of 225,000 volumes.

Increased interest in agriculture, and especially in undertakings requiring large investments of capital, such as coffee, sugar, and rubber plantations.

MINING IN MEXICO.
Mining is the most productive industry in Mexico. It is described as to be found in 26 of the 31 states and territories. There is also considerable production of coal, copper and iron.

this constitution gives to men of color the right to vote.

Article XVI. This article establishes the principle that the family and domestic life are inviolable, except for the purposes of arrest under a warrant from a proper court expressing the charges.

Article XVII. No one shall be arrested or imprisoned for debt, except for purely civil character. No one shall exercise violence to claim his rights. The courts will always be ready for the administration of justice. This will be free, the costs being abolished.

Article XVIII. Private property shall not be taken without the consent of the owner, except in case of public utility, and by just payment therefor. Religious corporations or institutions, no matter of what denomination, character, durability or purpose, and civil corporations when under the patronage, direction or superintendence of religious institutions, or ministers of any cult, shall not have the legal capacity to own, manage or administer real estate except the buildings which are used immediately and directly for the services of the said institutions; neither will the law recognize any mortgage on any property held by these institutions.

Article XXVIII. State and church are independent. Congress cannot make any law establishing or forbidding any religion.

The practical abrogation of the constitution under Diaz and Huerta has resulted in the building up of a privileged class and the cruel exploitation of the people. Vast territories have passed into private ownership. The disinherited peon has become the virtual slave of the land owners, and freedom has been a privilege purchased from the government by those who had the means.

These are the conditions that the De Lara pictures, and it is to gain them the present fight of the constitutionists is waging.

FORCED TO BUY PROTECTION

Refugees Arriving at Vera Cruz Tell of Paying Money to Huerta's Soldiers.

Vera Cruz.—Sixty-three members of the Medina colony in the state of Oaxaca are among the refugees who have arrived here. They were held two days in Cordoba and report they were well-treated, except that they were obliged to sleep on the floors of the barracks. They were relieved of guns, but not of the scanty belongings which they were able to bring with them.

J. W. Elliott, a locomotive engineer, was in Vera Cruz when news of the occupation of Vera Cruz reached him. With his wife and children he started for Cordoba under guard of Mexican soldiers. At Cordoba the guards said they were hungry and demanded 50 pesos on the threat to surrender Elliott and his family to a howling mob which surrounded the station and filled the streets.

The money was paid and Elliott and his family were marched more than a mile through the streets to the barracks, hounded all the way by the mobs. They were kept in the barracks six days, during the first two of which crowds surrounded the place demanding their lives. On two occasions members of the mob forced their way into the barracks and except for the efforts of the colonel and two other officers Elliott and his family would undoubtedly have been killed. Toward the end of their stay the demonstrations ceased to a large extent.

Manager Boyd of the Mitozongo Hacienda, when he arrived at Cordoba, was forced by the federal guards to pay 1,050 pesos for protection through the streets to the jail.

Circulars containing the words "Kill the Gringos" and urging the people to rise and massacre the prisoners were posted about Cordoba.

One of the refugees who have arrived here from the interior is F. W. Leeger, a ranch manager from Tuxtepec, whose home is in Omaha and who was on his way to Vera Cruz for a visit, not knowing of the developments there. He was picked up at Tierra Blanca by federal soldiers.

"I was placed with ten others in a train which was surrounded by a mob which continually threatened to attack us," he said. "The guards ate up everything available on the train, compelling us to go hungry. At every station up to Cordoba, on the following day, similar crowds looted the train and threatened us."

"While being taken through the streets of Cordoba a squad of young volunteers who had just been presented with a flag swept down upon us and tried to run us down. This happened at the corner where the municipal palace is located or otherwise we would not have escaped as well as we did."

At Cordoba he was hit on the head with a flagstaff and a man walking beside me was struck on the head with a rock. His scalp was badly cut. "It was due to the fine conduct of the Mexican colonel that we ever reached the palace. He rushed from the door with a squad of soldiers, scattering them and surrounding us."

"Later we were put in the penitentiary, and for six days we slept on the stone flagging. There were two women in the party, one with a little baby. We were allowed to send out and buy blankets, and managed to get enough to last."

"Monday we were placed on a train and brought down to Soledad. We spent that night on the tracks. There was one passenger coach left for us and in this the women and children slept, the rest of us sleeping on the ground."

Signs Own Death Record.
San Francisco, Cal.—A clerk examining the death and burial certificate of Charles Marais, an undertaker, discovered that it bore the signature of the dead man. Marais was fatally injured by a fall from a window, and realizing the end was near, he sent for a blank certificate and filled it out himself. The number of years and months of Marais' life was given, but the space for the number of days was left open.

Undertakers' Autos Public Carriers.
Chicago.—Automobiles operated by undertakers are public carriers and are governed by the same rate of laws that regulate taxicabs, according to a decision by Judge Bowler, who fined Gilbert, Fortune, a chauffeur, ten dollars for overcharging a funeral party.

Saved Own Hide.
Boston.—The barking of a stray mongrel attracted attention to a fire in a sausage factory.

BESET BY BANDITS; BEES TO RESCUE

Both of the Miscreants Escaped. One of Them Diving into the River.

SCREAMED WITH PAIN

Insect Allies of a Hermit Arrive in the Nick of Time Just as the Door of the Cabin Is About to Give Way Before Attack.

Pallasades, Neb.—Honey bees drove two would-be robbers from the lonely hut of Ralph Dawson, fifteen miles northwest of here. Dawson, who lives the life of a hermit, told the story. The men, who were apparently tramps, appeared near Dawson's little home in a deep draw near the French river. Dawson refused to open his door to the strangers.

"He has no gun and there are no dogs about." One of the strangers said. "We will get his money before we leave."

The honey bees in a score of hives about the hut became alarmed at the presence of the strangers and their violence. Soon swarms began to sting the tramps. Just as the door was about to give way the bees became more vigorous, and the would-be robbers were forced to retreat.

One of the tramps ran to the French river and escaped the attacks of the bees by plunging into the water. He swam to the opposite bank and disappeared.

The other ran in an opposite direction with hundreds of bees after him. Dawson said that both men were screaming with pain when they disappeared.

Dawson did not tell anyone about the attempted robbery and the victory of the bees until he brought a quantity of honey to market. He said he left the house an extra large amount of the honey for the winter because of their valor. He declared that he had only a small amount of money in the house at the time the tramps visited him. He says he will not keep any there in the future.

He has purchased a revolver and a shotgun and is determined to help the bees hereafter if unwelcome visitors approach his hut.

Dawson probably is 40 years old, and no one appears to know when he came to this vicinity. It is believed that he has been disappointed in love. While no one has visited him in his lonely home, it is said that his little library contains many books.



The Would-Be Robbers Were Forced to Flee.

of the classics. He appears to be well educated and dresses neatly. He makes four or five trips to this place each year, buying tobacco and cigars in large quantities. He evades all questions pertaining to himself.

DIDN'T WANT "GAL" ARRESTED

Negro, Although Shot by Woman, Pleaded for Her Release From Custody of Officer.

Birmingham, Ala.—Shot at four times, one bullet flattening itself out against his skull, Theodore Stanley, a negro, calmly picked the bullet from his scalp and asked officers not to arrest his "gal," Octavia Davis, who had been shooting. "She's got a little careless with her temper, Cap'n, an' I'll have to go to work and pay her fine if you arrests her," said Stanley. The police were obdurate, however, and Octavia was run in on the charge of assault to murder. Stanley immediately started out to find a job so he can pay her out.

Can't Write; Makes Million.
New York.—In a will signed with a cross—because he never learned to read or write—Matthew J. McIntyre, who made \$1,000,000 raising hogs, left the bulk of his estate to St. Patrick's church in Long Island City to be used for the support of the parochial school, so that the children of his parish might have the education he was denied. Nine nephews and nieces contested this will, but the surrogate court of Queens county overruled their contest.

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Saved Own Hide.
Boston.—The barking of a stray mongrel attracted attention to a fire in a sausage factory.

Those who throw mud are generally pretty good shots.
The fellow who knows it all seldom demonstrates that knowledge as power.

"I Spend My Hard-earned Nickels for

WRIGLEYS SPEARMINT

I get the most pleasure for the longest while."

You can't get a bigger buy for a nickel. It is as delicious as economical—as beneficial as delicious—as popular with your family as with you.

It's as clean as it's fresh. It's always clean and always fresh because the new air-tight, dust-proof seal keeps it so. Every sealed package is personal to you.



Purify your breath, preserve your teeth, harden your gums and keep your digestion good with this mouth-cleansing pastime.

Chew it after every meal

Be SURE it's WRIGLEY'S

When Love Cools.

Many an engagement has been broken off through a misunderstanding—each thinking the other had money.—Detroit Journal.

SCALP ITCHED AND BURNED

Greenwood, Ind.—"First my hair began to fall, then my scalp itched and burned when I became warm. I had pimples on my scalp; my hair was falling out gradually until I had scarcely any hair on my head. I couldn't keep the dandruff off at all. My hair was dry and lifeless and I lost rest at night from the terrible itching sensation. I would pull my hair out and scratch my head any place I happened to be."

"For several years I was bothered with pimples on my face. Some of them were hard red spots, some were full of matter, and many blackheads. I was always picking at them and caused them to be sore. They made my face look so badly I was ashamed to be seen."

"I tried massage creams for my face and all kinds of hair tonic and home-made remedies, but they only made things worse. Nothing did the work until I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I washed my face with the Cuticura Soap, then put plenty of Cuticura Ointment on. Three months use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment has made my face as smooth and clean as a baby's."

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

"The Stain of Guilt."
A little fellow, nine years old, was out hunting last fall and came home with his hands stained. While in the yard he had a quarrel with a little colored boy about the division of the nuts.

"Everybody there complained about them, but I did not have one bother me." "Oh, yes, they are a great place."

"How about the fleas?" asked his listener.

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The Wretchedness of Constipation
Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature *Wm. Wood*

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
A solid preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For itching scalp. Cleanses the scalp. Restores the hair. Sold by Druggists. Price 25c. and 50c. per bottle.

Pettitt's Eye Salve FOR EYE ACRES
W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 19-1914.

FORGOT THE BROTHER PART

Active Disturbance Followed Elderly Man's Effort to Give Help to One in Need.

Suddenly the man with the chin beard, who was eating his luncheon in a restaurant, reached across the table, touched the button of the coat which he wore, and by the man directly opposite him, and gave him the grip of the secret order to which they both belonged.

"Brother," he said, "I see you're in need, and to live up to my sworn duty I am compelled to—"

"In need?" interrupted the other in widened astonishment. "In need of what?"

"Of somebody to tell you that a knife is not the proper implement to use when you are eating minced veal." By prompt action half a dozen waiters quelled the disturbance, and the two men were too busy to prevent the destruction of about five dollars' worth of tableware.

Fortunate Indians.
In a composition dealing with the habits and customs of American Indians, a boy deeply impressed with their good-and-evil life wrote the following: "The Indians had few laws, but they were well violated."

Worth Blowing About.
Bacon—I see it is said that whales are estimated to live 1,000 years. Egbert—No wonder they blow.

HAPPY NOW
Family of Twelve Drink Postum.

"It certainly has been a blessing in our home" writes a young lady in regard to Postum.

"I am one of a family of twelve, who, before using Postum, would make a healthy person uncomfortable by their complaining of headache, dizziness, sour stomach, etc., from drinking coffee."

"For years mother suffered from palpitation of the heart, sick headache and bad stomach and at times would be taken violently ill. About a year ago she quit coffee and began Postum."

"My brother was troubled with headache and dizziness all the time he drank coffee. All these troubles of my mother and brother have disappeared since Postum has taken the place of coffee."

"A sister was ill nearly all her life with headache and heart trouble, and about all she cared for was coffee and tea. The doctors told her she must leave coffee and eat medicine, but her no permanent good."

"She thought nothing would take the place of coffee until we induced her to try Postum. Now her troubles are all gone and she is a happy little woman enjoying life as people should."

Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum now comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum. Sold by Grocers.

GOGGINS & BRAZEAU
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
Office in the Mackinnon Block on the
West Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.
J. J. JEFFREY
LAWYER
Loans and Collections, Commercial
and Probate Law. Office across from
Church's drugstore. Telephone 251.



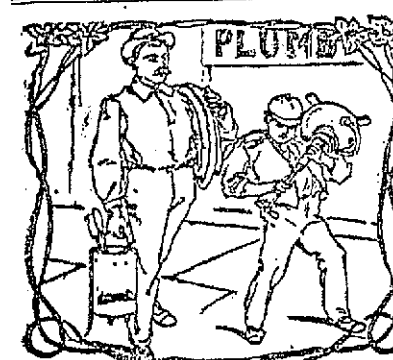
Play Ball!

If you're a true American-born gentleman you like to, swat the ball. Roll up your sleeves and help keep the sphere of prosperity soaring over the diamond of our city. If you can't be one of the batteries, play out-field, but remember that whatever position you play you are an important factor in the game.

And the true way to keep the ball a rolling in Grand Rapids is to keep your cash rolling here. The mail order citizen may be a good citizen but the home-buyer citizen can give him "cards and spades." That's right. You hear me, Happy Felsch!

BEN THE BOOSTER, with,

**Kellogg Brothers
Lumber Co.**



When a Plumber is Needed

send for us. We have plenty of time now to attend to all classes of work. This is not our busy season and it will pay you to have your

Plumbing, Heating, Fitting etc., attended to now before the rush of work begins. We are thoroughly posted in our business, and an order from you will promptly put all our knowledge and skill at your service. The cost will not be great.

Prompt Efficient Service
LEWIS J. ERON,
Licensed Practical Plumber
Office Phone 578. Res. Phone 778.
3rd Ave. S. near Grand Ave.



Yes, We Are Looking
for a little let-up in the present big rush of business, but up to this minute we have had our hands full.

Just Filling Orders.
For that reason we are more convinced than ever that the public appreciates a reliable FLOUR; and we are now redoubling our efforts to fill the bill. Better place your orders early and so insure quick service.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

A Reliable Tonic

Most of the people around here know a good deal about this splendid remedy; to those who do not we wish to say that

Meritol
TRADE MARK
TONIC DIGESTIVE

is the greatest strength renewer, flesh creator and blood builder we have ever seen. For people in poor health, weak, run down and played out, those not as strong and vigorous as they should be,

Price \$1.00
JOHN E. DALY
Exclusive Meritol Agency.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR

Grand Rapids Wis. May 13, 1914

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids Wisconsin, as Second Class Mail Matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Year, \$1.50
Six Months, .75
Three Months, .40

Advertising Rates—For display matter a flat rate of 12 cents an inch is charged. Long notices, one column advertisement cost \$2.50 for one insertion. Additional cost for each subsequent insertion. All local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect, and all notices of a general nature, when an advertisement fee is charged will be charged at 5 cents per line.

Correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to sign their names to communications. It does not matter if you write every week, sign your name anyway, as it will not be published.

How Free Wool Looks Now.

Ex-Congressman Hill of Connecticut was one of the leading prophets of disaster under the Underwood tariff. The dispatches informed us, however, a few days ago that his own mills are now better than they have been in a long time. Probably Mr. Hill has no personal objection to prosperity thus alighting upon his own head, despite the fact that it falsifies his predictions. But even more notable is the news from Philadelphia and elsewhere that woolen manufacturers are having some of the most successful years in the history of the industry. It is a fact that the tariff bill was pending, but now seem to be discovering that their fears, in so far as they were not feigned, were groundless. They even talk bravely about not only holding the domestic market, but selling manufacturers of wool abroad. Free wool with lowered duties on finished goods was a monster of frightful mien a year ago, but soon we may see even the American Woolen Co., embracing it. —New York Evening Post, Ind.

Imperfect Titles.

Frederick Weyerhaeuser came to this country as a laborer. When he married he was earning \$1 a day working on the slab pile of a sawmill at Rock Island. Those who appraise fortune, largely invested in growing timber, as potentially worth \$1,000,000,000, do undoubtedly exaggerate—but the figure itself is not material. From a brewery hand to one of the richest men in the world in the span of the career of Frederick Weyerhaeuser. By the time we throw away the legitimate interest of the people in our great forests, and Mr. Weyerhaeuser picked it up. That a German immigrant boy could amass such a fortune in 50 years is quite to his credit, but it is vastly more to the discredit of the laws which allowed him to do it. He did the greatest monopolist of our forests, but it was not the fault of Weyerhaeuser that we threw them away. He took them over, and is said to have been rather in advance of the age in conserving them. Possibly it is better for the nation for a Weyerhaeuser to own \$40,000,000 worth of our children's heritage in forests and mines than to have it distributed among 400 less efficient men, each owning timber lands to the value of \$100,000. Whether the great natural resource belongs to morals to the Weyerhaeuser heirs is a question for the future. The generation which allowed him to acquire the title to it acted for itself—and professedly for all future generations; but future generations were not consulted, and may have some things to say for their claims. "The earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof," not some of the children of men, and not alone to the generation of the children of men who allowed Mr. Weyerhaeuser to acquire the paper title to the forests of a continent. The future will probably try titles with the Weyerhaeusers and their like in one way or another.—Colliers.

Ford's Troubles.

(From the Racing Call.)
The reluctance of the average human being to accept anything bearing the ear marks of paternalism, is strikingly illustrated in the trouble which Henry Ford is experiencing in getting his profit sharing plan in operation.

Heralded as the greatest move of the century, the plan is meeting with an unusual number of managers and at least Mr. Ford is optimistic there are many who believe that he will eventually give it up in disgust. Attached to the minimum wage of \$5.00 is a provision demanding certain standards of living and these are causing a considerable portion of the trouble.

His men persist in living as they please, not as his forty-five investigators think they should. Single men herd in "deplorable surroundings," sleeping in shifts and never bathing. One married man keeps five live ducks in the family bathtub. Such sinners against the Ford standard are warned.

"These men of many nations," says Mr. Ford, "must be taught American ways to live." Single men must live "under conditions that make for good manhood." Married men must not draw chalk lines on the floor and sublet fractions of room, but "keep their households for themselves and their families." Men who make \$5 to \$8 a day need not have their wives take boarders.

Mr. Ford will help as well as criticize. His English school will teach the language to men of a dozen nationalities. His lawyers will see that they are not cheated if they buy houses. Yet men are obdurate. They distrust paternalism, even being gifts. They prefer ducks to dictation. Their wives, in the spirit of feminism, resent interference in their "business careers." What business is it of Henry Ford's to catch the ducks, scrub the bathtubs, expel the boarders and make the young men hire one bed apiece? The very American spirit Mr. Ford invokes is a selfish one. Probably there are some selfish men in his shops who would rather be cheated than be helped by a company lawyer.

So frail humanity forever blots the ink in which progress is written!

W. Melvin Ruckle, M. D.
—PRACTICE LIMITED TO—
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Glasses fitted Correctly. Eye and Ear Surgeon, Riverview Hospital. Office in Wood County Bank Building. Telephone No. 264.

Luxury in The Blood.

Once upon a time there was a man who received \$1,000 a year. He and his wife managed to get along fairly well on this amount, but January first always found them in a state of financial straits. The man at length received a raise of \$500; he paid all his debts and with his wife talked of the savings they would have at the end of the year. But the next January found him a little in debt, and so the next and the next. "How did we ever manage on \$1,000?" he asked his wife. "Answer," she said, "was in salary. The \$500 raise was a waste of money, but it was only a short time before the husband was asking his mate how they ever managed on \$1,500. The little economies practiced when the salary was \$1,000 were thought unnecessary when the extra \$500 appeared, and a luxury was added here and there and the expected surplus was soon eaten up. This experience is not unusual. It is the story of the average family. The 'luxury gets into the blood' and it is impossible to get out until necessity imposes and forces a change.

There is none who does not realize the bitter truth of this fact in private affairs, where each is taking care of his own. How much easier to bring about the same condition in public affairs when all are spending the money of another? Such is the case in Wisconsin. Economy in state government is the cry heard on every side today and Hon. Meritt Hull, speaker of the assembly, has struck the right chord when he says "reduce the appropriations. Only then will necessity intervene and force out luxury." It is safe to say that there has been no appropriation made in the past ten years which could not have been cut without injury to the department or institution for which it was made.

An illustration: At the close of the fiscal year the civil service commission will turn back \$5,000 of the comparatively small appropriation. Were this the rule and not the exception what a splendid surplus would be in the state treasury! If pro rata every department and every commission did the same. If all in public office had the taxpayers' interests at heart this would be the rule, but after an appropriation is made the question is not, "How little can we get away with?" A surplus is a great temptation, especially to the politicians. If they have a friend in need of a position, there is sure to be work for an "expert." Wisconsin is over-run with "experts" who travel hither and yon annoying merchant and manufacturer and making him unnecessary expense in the carrying on of his business. It has become a burden and we are not at all surprised at the uproar of the people.

Let it be understood that we are not opposed to the system of government, but to the abuse of it. We are of the opinion that the greatest danger we face today is a too zealous clean-up that will come with a change of administration, and for on in the choice of state officers. We need men of known honesty and economy, men who can cut out and consolidate commissions without injury to the cause for which they were created, men who can do their own work and not be forced to rely upon a string of private secretaries. We need men who will clean up and down the number of state employees and who insist upon those employed working as other people work. We have maximum working hour laws for men and women. A minimum working hour law for state employees would not be bad. And if we must have experts, let's try and get them at home, not import them from all sections of the union and from abroad. The spirit of the age is to live just beyond the income. Wisconsin has enjoyed the honor of being first in many reforms; we would now like to see this great state go back a few years and revive the ancient and honorable custom of saving for a rainy day.—Chippewa Falls Independent.

Interdicted Road "Improvement."

(From the Antigo Journal.)
The Journal has quite frequently called attention to the practice of some pathmasters of fixing a road by leaving the sod in the center of the road. It practically spoils the road and takes several years before it is worn down enough to travel over. Its practice must now cease as there is a law on the statute books providing a fine for any roadbuilder who does it. It would be well for those effected to make themselves familiar with it, as they may at any time be haled into court and fined anywhere from \$10 to \$100.

RUDOLPH

There was a pleasant surprise party given at the T. A. Anderson home Sunday evening in honor of Mrs. Anderson's twenty-seventh birthday. A dainty lunch of ice cream and cake was served. All had an enjoyable time and wished Mrs. Anderson many happy returns of the day.

Miss Elizabeth Lindahl attended the school picnic in the district of which Miss Emma Misner is teacher, Wednesday, May 6th.

Mrs. T. A. Anderson and Mrs. Victor Kronholm were visitors at the Robert Hofschild home Sunday.

Robert Gustin Jr. and family and Mrs. Rosalie Hofschild were visitors at the Bennett home at Cranmoor last Sunday. Mr. Resin making the trip in his new car.

Wilbur and Leonard Warner went down to see the baseball game between Nekosa and Grand Rapids last Sunday.

Miss Henrietta Jumeau who underwent an operation at the Riverview Hospital is getting along nicely.

Miss Emily and Elizabeth Lindahl were shoppers in Grand Rapids Saturday.

ALTDORF

The Altdorf Gophers came very near getting beat by the girls here, the White Sox. It is reported that they expect to tour Wisconsin, playing baseball.

ROAD CONDITIONS IN BADGER STATE

Washington, D. C., May 11.—Detailed studies of local road building systems in one hundred counties are now being carried on by the Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the State highway departments and local authorities. The following counties in Wisconsin have been designated by the State highway commission for study: Adams, Barron, Brown, Chippewa, Crawford, Dodge, Fond du Lac, Grant, Green, Jackson, Jefferson, Lincoln, Manitowish, Marquette, Menomonie, Milwaukee, Monroe, Oneida, Outagamie, Pepin, Port Washington, Racine, Shawano, Stevens, Trempealeau, Vernon, Winnebago, and Winona.

The purpose of this study is to discover the points of excellence and defects in existing local methods of building and maintaining roads which will aid the State authorities in the selection of a standard basis. The cooperating State authorities have been asked to designate counties that present typical and exceptional features as to topography, character of road materials, methods of construction and maintenance, administrative organization, methods of road financing, and traffic conditions. From these lists 100 counties will be selected, and in these counties the Division of Road Economics will make intensive studies.

This investigation is prompted by the fact that there is at present very little knowledge as to the most effective and economical methods by which a county can develop its roads.

At present the methods of financing local road improvements vary from calling on farmers for a certain number of days' labor in lieu of a road tax, or the use of county prisoners in road construction, to bond issues or maintenance of roads from dramshop license funds.

The Department will study all of these systems with the view to determining which system or combination of system works best in actual practice.

There is, moreover, at present no standard system of keeping accounts for road building and maintenance, and as a result, while some counties know to a penny the purpose for which money was spent, others have no definite check or reporting system. Among various counties with the same conditions, cost for excavation or other labor is anything but uniform, and many counties, because of the absence of definite knowledge, fail to use local and cheap materials and construct roads which are unnecessarily expensive for their purpose, or of which will wear out before the bonds issued are redeemed.

The investigation will include a careful study of the use of convict labor in road construction.

In connection with the scientific study, the Department's highway engineers will advise freely with local officials as to improvements, and give each county visited the advantage of direct cooperation, engineering supervision and assistance.

These investigations, it is believed, will yield important economic data bearing especially on the benefits and burdens of road improvement, and showing the extent to which financial outlay under given typical conditions is justifiable.

SIGEL

John Forslund came home on Friday from Glidden, where he has been employed, and will visit home folks for an indefinite time.

Martin Burson lost one of his horses last week.

Sam Nystrom who is employed at Sherry spent the latter part of his week with home folks.

Mrs. Matt Crunsted of your city is visiting relatives here.

Edwin Berg shipped a car load of hay to Minocqua, on Saturday.

Erling Nelson left on Saturday of last week for Grand Rapids where he has secured employment.

Albert Jacobson came home on Thursday from Crystal Lake, where he has been spending some time.

Nelson Bros. are having their new house painted.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Jones left on Tuesday for Kenosha where they will reside in the future.

Seth Whitman has taken possession of his farm which he recently purchased from A. Jones.

NEW ROME

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Thomas went to Neesham Saturday where Mr. Thomas expects to take treatments of Dr. Parham for rheumatism. We sincerely hope it will cure Fred.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Shipway of Big Flats visited their daughter Mrs. Levi Thomas on Sunday.

Mrs. Jennie Wittenberg and daughter Theima from the south arrived here last week to spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Leece made a trip to Neesham to have his hand dressed by Dr. Parham.

Dr. Thurber was called to H. S. Webb's on Friday. Their son has paralysis.

Miss Minnie Balgrin spent Saturday and Sunday at the Smith home at Strong's Prairie.

Harvey Gee of Grand Rapids was down in this vicinity looking over some farms.

Mrs. F. C. Patefield visited Miss Lillie Webb on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Jack Westover visited Miss Webb on Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Amundson spent Sunday at his folks' home.

Joe Hovraka spent several days at home as his Aunt of Spokane was there on a visit.

SOUTH ARPIN

Misses Bertha and Amelia Kluge of Grand Rapids are visiting at the Chas. Tomfohrde home.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kohls and children and Mr. Kohls' father and mother had dinner with Aug. Kohls Sunday.

Miss Lena Starke is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Christ Starke.

Wedding bells will soon be ringing in this vicinity.

Kenneth Buchanan and Walter Erdman spent Sunday evening at the Krause home.

A mistake was made in these items some weeks ago about Bill Wintlin calling at Altdorf. He was only to Hansen.

FOR SALE

Farms and Unimproved Land.
—One farm consists of 401 acres with good buildings, 130 acres of which is under the plow, about 160 acres in timber, mostly hard maple, and the balance of land is pasture and brush land. All of the land is slightly rolling and there is no waste land on any part of the 401 acres.

The farm can be easily subdivided into 2 or 3 separate farms. There is a cheese and butter factory within one mile from the house, and the house is three miles from Sherry station, on the Soo Railway.

I also have a large amount of land which is known as "cut over" land and will be sold in large or small tracts to suit the purchaser. These lands are situated in Wood and Marathon counties.

Apply in person or write John Farish, 106 Third St. South, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

CHAS. C. ROWLEY, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office specialty Osteopathy. 14 Mackinnon Block. Phones 159 and 466.

W. E. WHEELAN

ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office in Daily Block, East Side. Telephone No. 243. Grand Rapids, Wis.

THE way to have a Bank

Account is to start one.

There must be a Beginning sometime. Delays are only a waste of time. One Dollar will start. Every additional dollar will help.

This bank invites you.

We pay 8 per cent interest compounded semi-annually.

Bank of Grand Rapids
West Side.

YOU WOULDN'T BE ON YOUR KNEES, JUDD, UNLESS IT WAS THE REAL TOBACCO CHEW

I'VE DROPPED THE BEST PART OF MY LIFE, AND I'VE GOT TO FIND IT

THE GOOD JUDD AND THE OLD SCHOOL TEACHER

YOUR own taste and comfort tells you "Right-Cut" is the Real Tobacco Chew. Get a pouch from your dealer and try it.

Use half a pouch of it. Then if you don't like it better than any you ever used, you can get your money back. It's right—pure, rich, sappy, mellow, full-bodied tobacco, seasoned and sweetened just enough. You get the tobacco taste fine. And easy and steady. It's a ready chew—short-shred, cut fine. You don't have to grind it. The flavor comes.

The Small Sheep Flock.

Sheep raising on a small scale is almost universally profitable on almost every farm, but when more than a small flock is kept quite a different proposition is involved, says Progressive Farmer. With a small flock no special pastures are required, and they can be housed in buildings used for the other stock without crowding and require little feed and practically no special attention. When a larger flock is kept two or more pastures should be maintained, ample houses for keeping dry without crowding provided and an abundance of suitable feed supplied. We advise the beginner in this line of stock raising to procure the best native ewes obtainable in his locality and then buy a pure bred ram and with this small flock learn the business thoroughly before attempting to raise sheep in large numbers.

Feeding the Horse.

The horse, most especially of all stock, should have careful attention in feeding. The hurried feeding, not preparing the grain properly, often causes bad results or even death. The ear corn before being put in the feed trough should have the smutty, worm eaten grains removed. Then if the ear is struck against something solid it will be found that there will fall from it a great amount of worm dust. When shelled corn or corn chops are being fed they should first be put in water and the dust and chaff floated out. It is surprising the amount of rotten grains there is among the shelled, sacked corn. The heated and moulded hay should not be fed to the horse. It will cause a bloat, a poisonous gas in the stomach, most especially the work horse that has but little chance of getting green stuff and, besides, there is but little food value in such hay.—Farm and Ranch.

Kill Smut on Seed Wheat.

A pint of formalin and fifty gallons of water make a very effective solution for treating seed wheat to prevent the appearance of smut. The formalin can be purchased at the drug store for a small sum, and the farm pump will donate the water. Spread the wheat out on the barn floor and sprinkle thoroughly with the solution, using a common sprinkling can. The wheat should be shoveled over and sprinkled again in order to wet every kernel with formalin. Old sacks, canvas, etc., should then be thrown over the heap and allowed to stand for a few hours. After this the wheat is spread out and allowed to dry.

The municipal authorities of Berlin have forbidden men to smoke while driving automobiles, ruling that many accidents have been due to the practice.—New Orleans States.

GEO. L. WILLIAMS

ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office in Wood Block, over post office. Telephone No. 91. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

W. E. WHEELAN

ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office in Daily Block, East Side. Telephone No. 243. Grand Rapids, Wis.

DE LAVAL
Cream Separators
ARE TIME TESTED

Every little while you hear of some brand new cream separator, claiming to be a "world beater" and just as good as the De Laval but a little cheaper. These "mushroom" machines stay in the limelight only until they are "found wanting" by the the users and in a short time drop out of sight.

It takes years of experience to build a "good" cream separator. More than 30 years of experiments and experience have made the De Laval pre-eminently the best machine on the market for the separation of cream from milk.

If you buy a De Laval you run no risk of dissatisfaction or loss. It's time tested and time proven. Why experiment? Why take chances with an inferior machine when you know that the De Laval is the best machine for you to buy.

If you are thinking about buying a separator we will consider it a favor if you will permit us to set up a De Laval for you on your own place and have you give it a fair trial.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.
GRAND RAPIDS

Don't Believe Everything You Hear

The chap up in the picture there, believed when he heard the "honk," "honk" of an old gander behind him, that he was about to be smashed in the back by an automobile. The result spelled disaster to his pair of mill.

And so, if anybody happens to tell you that they can give you as good lumber bargains as we can, you just look around before believing that. Get our prices and see our stock and be convinced that there's only one really right place to buy economically, and that place is right here.

Figures talk. So get our prices.

W. A. Marling Lumber Co.

JOIN THE THROGS AT THE BIG Centennial Celebration OF Norway's Independence IN THE TWIN CITIES St. Paul and Minneapolis May 16, 17 and 18, 1914

SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE

Going MAY 16th	Returning MAY 18th
LY. 4:40 AM.	AR. 3:45 AM.
" 5:40 AM.	" 2:45 AM.
" 8:17 AM.	" 12:20 AM.
" 9:56 AM.	" 10:40 PM.
" 10:42 AM.	" 9:55 PM.
AR. 12:20 PM.	LY. 8:00 PM.

\$100 FINE

Ask the Agent for Time at Intermediate Stations

In SILOS this will be a Redwood year

To Build Permanent, Build of Redwood
It positively will not decay. Redwood will not shrink or swell. Furthermore it is fire resisting. Experience of heat and cold, moisture and dryness, will not affect this wonderful wood. Into every Redwood tree Mother Nature has put a marvelous preservative that keeps Redwood sound and permanent.

The Saginaw Silo is Steel-Built
The Saginaw Silo has a framework of structural steel like that of a giant skyscraper. Five big dominant towers make the Saginaw wind-proof. Empty or filled, the Saginaw stands like a rock.

Saginaw All-Steel Door
Frame—a keystone of wonderful strength to which the Silo is built.

Saginaw Angle-Steel Rib—encircling the Saginaw overcomes vibration in the wall under severe wind stress and absolutely prevents any possibility of cave in.

Saginaw Spine-Dowels—unite all the silos into a rigid, immovable wall, and each Dowel locks and interlocks the staves in four places.

Saginaw Inner Anchor—uniformly distributed, the silo's clinging pull on all the staves.

Saginaw Base Anchor—holds the Saginaw immovable to the foundation with the grip of the roots of giant oaks.

Or a Siloed Yellow Pine Silo. Silo is a wood preservative that penetrates the Yellow Pine staves making them impervious to rot or decay. It gives to Yellow Pine many of the permanent qualities of Redwood.

The Saginaw Dome Roof. A new Saginaw feature that gives full capacity to your silo. Made of copper bearing steel galvanized, corrosion-proof and rust-resisting. Self-supporting, leaves "clear field" inside. The Saginaw Dome Roof is a permanent, money saving roof, pleases in appearance—puts the finishing touch to your silo.

JOHN W. McCATHIE, Agent,
320 Ninth Street South,
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Question:

A. P. HIRZY, Jeweler
Vine Street,
Grand Rapids, Wis.
Knowing of your experience in diamonds, I am taking the liberty of asking you a question. A friend of mine has a ring with a stone in it, which he says is a genuine diamond, called a "Rose" Diamond. If it is genuine why do they call it a "Rose"? Is there such a thing, or is it only an imitation? It is because of its color or the place it comes from? An answer will oblige.
Yours very truly,

Answer:

Grand Rapids, Wis., May 13, '14
Dear Sir:—
Yes, your friend is in a certain sense quite correct in paying a "Rose Diamond" is a genuine diamond. Such a stone takes its name, not from any peculiarity in color, nor from any diamond mine from which it came—it is simply because of the style of its cutting.
Broadly speaking, diamonds are cut in two styles, namely, "brilliant" and "rose." A diamond is cut "rose" only when it is too thin to cut as a "brilliant." Upon examination you will find that it is perfectly flat on the underside, and comes to a point on the top. It does not, however, begin to possess the life and fire of a "brilliant." It is really only about one-third of the thickness, and does not cost over one-quarter of the money. At the same time a dealer, were he so inclined, might say it was a "real diamond."

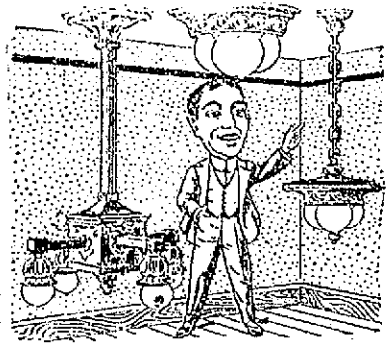
In a "brilliant" cut diamond, instead of being cut off flat, as it were, below the girdle or edge, you will find two-thirds of the thickness of the stone is below this edge, whilst the crown of the stone—that is, the portion above the edge—has a small octagonal "table" on its top.
It may sound somewhat paradoxical, but "all brilliants are not brilliant." A stone may be of "brilliant" cutting, and yet not possess the fullest measure of life and fire. Very much of the value of the stone depends upon how it is cut—each little "facet" or face, both above and below the girdle, must be cut upon regular geometrical lines. Each facet acting like a mirror in the reflection and refraction of the light that plays upon it.
That's why our diamonds are always brimful of knowledge and personal selection we see that only stones of the very finest color and most faultless cutting find a place in our stock.
Yours very truly,

A. P. HIRZY
JEWELER

Safety First

The First National Bank of Grand Rapids is not only the First Bank in the city, but it is also the first in financial matters for nearly half a century.
Safety combined with personal service accounts for the steady growth of our business.
May we serve YOU?

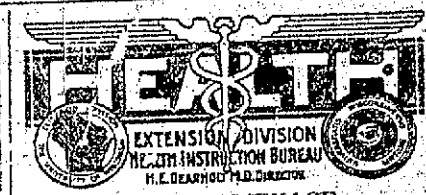
First National Bank,
Grand Rapids, Wis.
Oldest bank in Central Wisconsin.



IN DOME LIGHTS

Chandeliers, etc., we are showing some of the handsomest fixtures on earth. They come for either gas or electricity and in some cases for both. They give a distinct tone to the room, store or office and do not cost so much as you may think. Have a look at them.

Staub's Electric Shop
217 First St. N. East Side



MEXICAN MENACE

Vera Cruz, now prominent in the news dispatches, has been a historical hot bed of yellow fever. In 1905 Spanish colonists attempted to settle there. Six hundred promptly died of the fever. At the end of fifteen months but sixty survived. The place is also a nursery for the plague. From last available reports of the United States Public Health Service there were from February first to the twenty-fourth twenty-two cases and sixteen deaths in Tampico, and there was an epidemic at Vera Cruz. Two yellow fever experts have been ordered to Vera Cruz to act with officers of the army and navy.

Undoubtedly, one of the results of the American occupancy of Mexico will be the winning of territory which is free from the smoldering menace of yellow fever. Yellow fever was wiped out of Cuba and the southern part of the United States as a result of the Spanish-American war. The disease had been constantly present in Cuba for two hundred years when we took charge. Every foreign visitor knew that he would contract it. One in four was certain to die of it. By the time the yellow fever was eliminated.
Colonel Gorgas, the sanitarian of the Canal Zone (who deserves as much credit as anyone for the successful construction of the Panama canal) says that "the next generation will look upon yellow fever parasites as we do on three-toed horses—as animals that existed in the past without any possibility of reappearing on the earth at any future time."

Wiping yellow fever out of the United States and Cuba was a simple but gigantic task. It required overcoming amongst other factors a prejudice against window screens which prevailed throughout the south. More than that, the greatest difficulty was encountered in overcoming the indifference of the public. People of the south had so long been dying of yellow fever that it had become a habit. Our inhabitants are difficult to uproot. In many instances inhabitants had to be forced, at the point of a bayonet, to submit to having their lives saved.

In our northern territory flies represent a disease source, comparable to a great extent with the mosquitoes in the warm zone. We of the north have tuberculosis, scarlet fever, typhoid fever, whooping cough, measles, etc. Any one or all of these could be eradicated were appropriate measures enforced with equal vigor and efficiency.
Perhaps our territory will need to be "invaded."

Who Paid Her Fare?
When the conductor came through he stopped before Mrs. Stadish and said, "Fa—ur—urs, please."
Mrs. Stadish swallowed a peppermint lozenge whole and said:
"My husband will pay for me."
The conductor looked around on the seething ranks of femininity doubtfully.
"Where is he?" he asked.
"On the back platform. He stayed out there to smoke."
"There are a dozen men out there," was the reply. "How am I to know which one belongs to you? What kind of looking man is he?"
"Handsome. He is tall, he wears a blue overcoat, and he's got the nicest black mustache, and the kindest brown eyes you ever saw."
The conductor went away, only to return a moment later.
"Say," he said, "he won't pay. He says you ain't his wife."
"Well, what do you think of that?" gasped Mrs. Stadish. "You must have asked the wrong man."
"That's what I thought. To make sure I got the right one I asked every man out there."
Mrs. Stadish blushed deeply. "This is outrageous," she said. "I can appreciate a joke as well as anybody, but this is carrying it a little too far. Oh, dear, I do wish the car wasn't so crowded so I could get out there. Tell him, please—the dark-eyed man—that I don't want to make a scene, but that if he doesn't quit playing the foot to pay my car fare I'll be obliged to come out there in a minute."
"Ye, na'am," said the conductor. After he came through the next time he nodded at Mrs. Stadish encouragingly.
"It's all right," he said. "He paid after a while the car stopped at Mrs. Stadish's street. She went out the front way and waited for Stadish to join her. But the car passed and he did not appear.
She stood at the corner looking anxiously up and down the street. Soon another car stopped and Stadish got off.
"You needn't say a word," he said. "It's your own fault. A truck got in the way and I couldn't catch that car you got in to save my neck. I called to you to get off, but you didn't hear I worried all the way uptown. I know you'd be hopping made because I didn't come inside."
"Oh, no," said Mrs. Stadish. "I'm not thinking about that. What I am worrying about is, what on earth did that man think who paid my car fare?"

Mourned as Dead; Returns.
Tomb, Wis. May 8.—A family party was being held at the home of Frank Taylor here. All relatives from the country round were gathered. All of the family known to be surviving was present. Talk turned on Albert Taylor, who as a boy 15 had run away with a circus in 1884, and had been reported dead.
The door opened. A portly stranger entered.
"Hello, mother," he cried and grasped an aged woman in his arms. It was Albert Taylor who, in all his absence, had sent home no word. He is now a prosperous merchant at Seattle.

SIGEL.
Robt. Weeck who recently sold his farm to Mike Bogger of Grand Rapids has purchased 80 acres of land from O. J. Leu near Aldorf.
James Ray sold his farm to Sheboygan parties. The new proprietor will take possession in the fall.
Joe Pynch was taken to the Marshfield hospital for an operation for appendicitis.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Will Durr visited relatives in Green Bay on Sunday.
Al Otto has purchased Mrs. Chas. Edmund's Ford touring car.
Miss Ida Steinberg visited with friends in Babcock on Monday.
Mrs. August Sutor of Marshfield spent Sunday in the city with relatives.
A. F. Billmyre is drawing plans for a modern cottage for Alderman H. Gaulke.
Mrs. James Klappa has been seriously ill the past week with an attack of appendicitis.
Mc. and Mrs. Robert Morse of Stevens Point visited Sunday in the city, guests at the Frank Stahl home.
Attorney Geo. P. Hambrecht is in Madison this week where he has some business before the supreme court.

Miss Henrietta Jeneau of Rudolph submitted to an operation for appendicitis at the Riverview hospital the past week.
Rev. R. J. Locke was at Adams on Wednesday to attend the Congregational convention of the Lemonweir District.
Officer Roland Payne, who has been on the sick list for some time, was able to resume his duties on Monday morning.
B. F. Loftus of Grays Lake, Ill., spent several days in this city and vicinity during the past week engaged in buying cattle.
V. D. Simons of Chicago spent several days in the city this week visiting with relatives and looking after some business matters.

M. C. Swing, secretary and manager of the Wausau Street Railway and Lighting Co. was a business visitor in the city on Monday.
Drs. A. L. Ridgman, Harvie and N. B. Wagner of Port Edwards were in Stevens Point Friday evening to attend a meeting of medical men.
There were ten applicants to the examination for rural carrier in this city on Saturday. The examination was conducted by W. B. Raymond.
Dr. A. L. Ridgman and wife and Mr. and Mrs. George Kinsler drove to Plainfield on Sunday in the Ridgman car and spent the day with friends.

August Stakes, one of the prosperous farmers of the town of Hansen called at this office on Thursday to renew his subscription for another year.
Louie Gle was down from Brokaw over Sunday to spend the day with his family. Mr. Gle is working on the new buildings that are being erected at Brokaw.
H. C. Zimmermann left on Thursday for a trip to Winona, Minn., and other points west of here, intending to be absent several days looking after some business matters.
Sierck brothers have leased the small store building next to the Taylor & Scott office on Grand Avenue and intend to open a candy store and news depot there in the near future.

Friendship Press:—Mrs. Chas. Soucek and little son Robert of Grand Rapids, came Thursday for an extended visit at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. A. Spilek in the town of Preston.
E. C. Rossler purchased the lot south of the Clark Lyon home in River Park Addition of R. Lyons of Wausau. Mr. Rossler will erect a modern bungalow this summer. Architect George Miller is drawing plans for the home.

Harry Thomas of Sherry was among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Saturday. Mr. Thomas had been in the city in attendance at the session of the county board which finished up its labors on Friday afternoon and enabled him to get home on Saturday.
The Mut and Jeff show at the opera house Monday night called for a fair sized audience in spite of the bad weather that prevailed. The show was about up to the standard of amateur comedies that visit the city and seemed to be appreciated by the audience.
L. M. Nash landed a trout that weighed 2 1/4 pounds on Friday while fishing in the Roche a Cri creek in Adams county. While this is not breaking any records or anything of that sort, it is a fine fish for this variety and much larger than many a man has landed who has done a lot of fishing.

The fire department was called out Friday morning on account of the automobile belonging to C. F. Kellogg catching fire when an attempt was made to start it that morning. The flames were extinguished without the aid of the department and before any damage had been done.
Messrs. J. Carrigan, F. M. Schinabel, Ed. Smith and Atty. C. E. Briere spent Sunday in Wausau. They made the trip in the Briere car. John Schnabel departed on Monday for a weeks business trip in Chicago and points in southern Wisconsin. In the interests of the F. MacKinnon Mfg. Co.

There was quite a fall of snow here on Monday evening and some it remained on the ground in sheltered spots Tuesday morning, although the weather was not freezing cold at any time and no damage was done to growing vegetation. The weather man is hereby notified that the 11th of May is a trifle late for snow in this section, and everybody would be just as well pleased if it did not happen again.
Repairs on the macadam on Grand avenue have been in progress during the past week, and the appearance of things the road will be all right when the work has been entirely completed. Almost everybody agrees that brick makes a better and more permanent pavement than tar bound macadam, although there are portions of the west side pavement that appear to be all right.
The Eastern Star lodge held a party on Thursday evening to celebrate the 95th birthday of Ira Purdy. Mr. Purdy was presented with several presents from the members of the Eastern Star and Masonic lodges at the evening was spent in a very pleasant manner. It is indeed seldom that a man reaches the advanced age of Mr. Purdy and still retains all of his faculties and is able to attend a May party and enjoy the festivities, and he is entitled to all the congratulations that were showered upon him.

Messrs. R. F. and Chas. Matthews visited with relatives in Green Bay on Sunday.

The Elks will give another one of their popular dances at their hall on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert McDonald of Ladysmith have been in the city this week visiting with Mr. and Mrs. R. A. McDonald.

Mrs. Robt. Hotschold of the town of Rudolph was in the city shopping on Tuesday. This office acknowledges a pleasant call.

Miss P. L. Case returned on Thursday from Michigan where she had been looking after some business for the Adventists society.

There will be a regular meeting of Rainbow Chapter, O. E. S. on Wednesday evening, May 13th. A good attendance is desired.

J. C. Jacobson, who is making his headquarters in Minneapolis, was here for several days during the past week visiting his family.

Miss Della Jones expects to leave today for Chicago and other points south where she will visit with friends for a couple of weeks before taking up her work here again.

Mrs. M. C. Googhan returned last week from Rochester, Minn., where she had been to consult the Mayo Bros. She expects to return there in the near future for an operation.

Messdames E. E. Finney, Adam Paulus, J. E. Ketchum, W. S. Heston, George Booth, W. W. McCullough and A. L. Boudinot were down from Marshfield on Saturday to attend the concert given by the St. Paul Symphony orchestra.

A large number of farmers came in Tuesday to attend the monthly stock fair, and as a result the east side market square was crowded with teams all day. Some horse traders who dropped in here at the opportune time did quite a thriving business.

The Perfect Husband.
One of the great eastern newspapers is conducting a contest, the prize to be awarded to the one who can come nearest to describing the perfect husband. It would not seem difficult to one who does as follows:
Hands his salary envelope intact to his wife.
Goes to bed every night in the year at 9 o'clock.
Gets up at 6 o'clock and goes to work at 7.
Accepts an allowance of 60 cents a week from his wife for car fare.
Forgets the guests at the table and takes no part in the conversation.
Does all the carpenter work around the house.
Takes care of the canaries and feeds the goldfish.
Has no opinion of any sort on any subject.
Smokes one cigar a day out in the woodshed.
Goes to grand opera, which he doesn't like, and stays away from shows that he does like.
Lets his wife buy all of his clothing and neckties.

Those start something boys don't pick up their ideas in a cozy corner nor yet in a cabaret!
If you won't help, don't hinder!

Soo Line To Appeal.

The Soo line has served notice of an appeal to the United States supreme court from the decision of the Wisconsin supreme court, recently issued, in which the judgment of \$5,125 against the railroad company and in favor of Mrs. Louise Alexander, who resides near Westfield, was sustained.
The case resulted from the death of Mrs. Alexander's husband, James Alexander, on the evening of January 16, 1912. Alexander, while in an intoxicated condition, it is claimed, drove out of Westfield with a team and a sleigh. He crossed the railway track in safety, but the team, unguided, detoured back through a field, and onto the right-of-way of the Soo line's Portage branch, where man and horses were struck and instantly killed by the northbound passenger train.
The railway company held that the accident would not have happened had Alexander been sober, while Mrs. Alexander and her attorneys claimed it could not have happened had the right of way been fenced as provided by law. At the trial in the circuit court of Marquette county the judgment named above was rendered. Mrs. Alexander sued for \$10,000. The train crew, Conductor William Hogan, Engineer M. W. Buck, Fireman W. H. Cutting and Brakeman C. J. Green, all residents of Stevens Point were called as witnesses at the trial.

Sues For Big Sum.
The actions have been brought by Frank C. Moore in the United States district court of the Eau Claire district for the recovery of damages claimed to have resulted to him from his confinement in the Northern Hospital for the Insane at Winnebago, to which institution he was committed in November, 1911. The sum of \$10,000 damages is claimed by Moore in each case. The first action is against County Judge George Blum and his bondsmen. One is against Sheriff Louis Cleg-horn and the third is against Mrs. Geo. E. Curtis and Roy E. Mitchell. The suits appear to have been brought upon the theory that the law under which Mr. Moore was adjudged insane is unconstitutional and that the judge in issuing the commitment and the sheriff in executing it, disregarding certain rights of Moore and that the report of the examining physicians was inaccurate, in that Moore was not on fact insane at the time of the examination.

Moore was committed in Nov. 1911 and was confined in the Winnebago asylum until May, 1912, when he was released on parole.
Edwin Turbin and Miss Loretta McCarthy, both of Grand Rapids. Frank Michaels, town of Lincoln, and Lillian Peterson, town of Wood. John Mischler, Jr., Medford and Miss Marie Sterchi of Arpin.

"Too many grievances," remarked the Man on the Car, "are nursed on the bottle."—Toledo Blade.

Humpty Dumpty was a straddler, which explains why he had that "great fall!"

A RETURN TO THE FOREST PRIMEVAL.

Pittsville Record:—Few people there are who are aware that Wood county contains one and perhaps more beaver colonies. And fewer are there of the Pittsville country who know that this return to the forest primeval is within our own bounds.
Game Warden Wm. Cole was in the city Monday night and in his talk mentioned the fact of a beaver colony or perhaps more than one, west of us. In his tramps through the woods to the west of us looking for violators of the law he came across four beaver dams, three of them fully made and one under construction. They are situated taking as a starting point the school house in the Stettler settlement, one mile west to the end of the road and thence southwest traveling over a cut-out road about a mile and a half farther, on what is known as Skunk Creek, a branch of Black river.

The beaver in Wisconsin is nearly extinct. Except in the extreme northern part of the state very few beavers are left, and while there may be a single beaver or a pair in various parts of the Wisconsin Valley, this information that we have a colony or two actually constructing dams across the streams comes as a slight shock. Beaver are protected by the game laws of the state and the fur of the animal is very valuable.

Card of Thanks.
We wish to extend our thanks to the Odd Fellows and other friends, who so kindly assisted us at the time of the death of our husband and father.

Mrs. Frances Little and Family.

Card of Thanks.
We wish to sincerely thank our friends for the kindness shown us during the illness and funeral of our daughter Mildred.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Karseboom.
—Legal blanks for sale at this office.

Special Sale on Coats and Suits

Reduced Prices on all Ladies' and Children's Coats and Suits

Ladies' Moire Coats, silk lined, reduced to.....	\$13.75
Ladies' Fancy Coats up from.....	5.98
Ladies' Black Coats in regular and extra sizes, up from.....	7.50
Ladies' Suits up from.....	9.75
Ladies' Linen Auto Coats reduced to.....	2.75
Children's Coats, all reduced at prices from.....	\$1.50 to 3.98

SPECIAL OFFERING this Week in Curtain Scrims, white, ecru and colors, this week at per yard..... 7 1/2c

We are Offering a Large Line of the Popular Rosebud Materials.

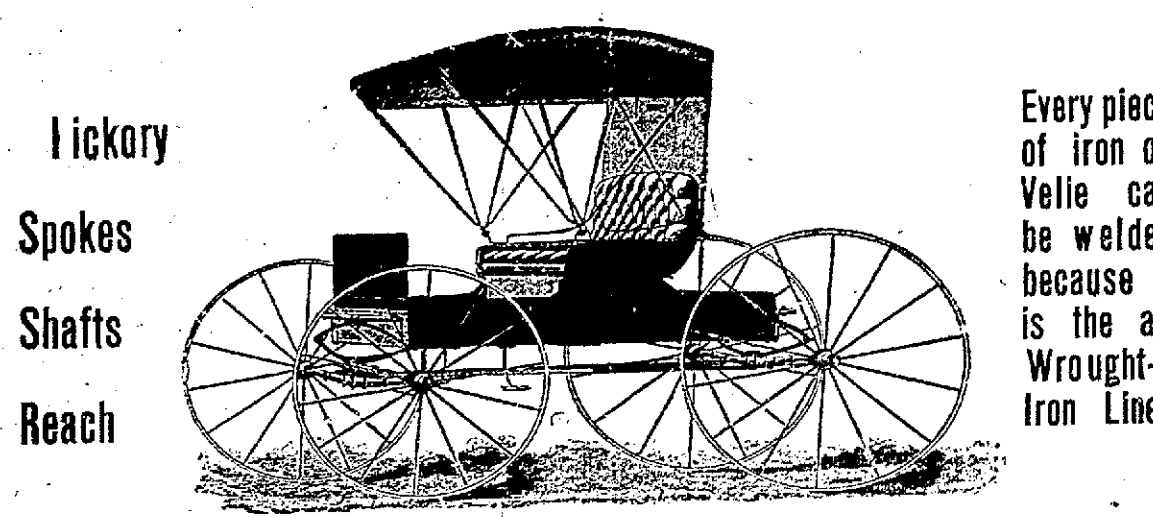
Rosebud checked Dimities, Rosebud Ratines, Rosebud Flaxons, Voiles and Mercerized Crepe at..... 15c to 35c
Rosebud Nets, Chiffons and Embroidered Voile from..... \$1.00 to \$1.65
Rosebud Silk Foulards from..... 60c to 1.65

JUST RECEIVED SOFT CHIFFONS AND MOIRES IN BLACK, WHITE AND COLORS. IF IT IS NEW YOU ARE MOST APT TO FIND IT AT

W. C. WEISEL, Grand Rapids, Wis.

The Buggy with a Reputation

Ask the Owner of a VELIE



Just received the largest line of vehicles ever displayed in Wood County, Top Buggies, Surreys, and Runabouts. "The Best at a Right Price."

THE NASH HARDWARE COMPANY

GLEUE BROS., Inc.
LA FRANCE SHOP
It's a Colonial Season—more especially a LA FRANCE season in Colonials.
The types we show are as enjoyable to wear as they are pleasing to look at.
No. 816 is a style-plus Colonial Model in Sterling Patent Coll. welt, Louis Cuban heel.
No. 716 is the same idea worked out in Gun Metal.
LA FRANCE

WHY BUY CLOTHES MADE TO FIT EVERYBODY?
WHY NOT HAVE GARMENTS THAT WILL FIT SOMEBODY, AND THAT BODY YOUR OWN BODY?
Select your goods, decide on the style, leave your measure, And have clothes worth while.
Yours truly,
LELOFF, The Tailor,
Maker of Guaranteed Clothes.
Grand Ave., West Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Every piece of iron on Velie can be welded because it is the all Wrought-Iron Line.
Ickory Spokes Shafts Reach
The Best at a Right Price.

MEDIATORS TURN DOWN CARRANZA

Peace Board Tells Rebel Chief His Attitude Excludes Delegation from Hearing.

Washington, D. C., May 5.—Gen. Carranza and the constitutionalists on Monday were practically eliminated from the proceedings of the three South American envoys who had undertaken to solve the Mexican problem by diplomacy. In a telegram to Gen. Carranza, the mediators announced that in view of his refusal to agree to an armistice with Gen. Huerta they withdrew their invitation to him to send a personal representative to participate in the mediation negotiations.

The mediators told the constitutionalist that as long as Carranza maintained his present attitude they must decline to treat with him. Gen. Carranza had inquired in a note to the envoys what subjects a special representative might be required to discuss, pointing out that if the general problem of pacifying Mexico were to be approached he could not authorize any one to participate in the negotiations. He reiterated that he would consent to mediation only on the incidents which had brought about a controversy between the United States and Mexico, holding that he was the constitutionally chosen leader to whom complaint about the insult at Tampico and other offenses originally should have been made.

Carranza Has No Standing. In their telegram on Monday night the mediators stated Carranza's last note to them adding that as long as Carranza maintained that attitude they must decline to receive a representative from him as they could not separate the incidents at Tampico and elsewhere which had brought about friction between Mexico and the United States from the general subject of pacifying Mexico.

The situation at Mexico City gave added importance to the summons of Joaquín Cárdenas from Carranza. It was believed that his real post was to be minister of foreign affairs at Mexico City to take the place of the inexperienced Ruiz, named last Saturday when Huerta disposed of Portillo.

The minister of foreign affairs is in direct line for the presidency, so that this move brings to Carranza a man regarded as particularly strong in case Huerta disappeared from the scene. Carranza was formerly Mexican ambassador at Washington.

Huerta Names Delegates. The mediators expressed satisfaction with the class of men chosen by Huerta as his delegates to confer with them. The appointment of R. B. B. brings a big man into the proceedings. He is about 60 years old, a lawyer and one of the foremost authorities on international law in Mexico. He is one of the closest advisors of Gen. Huerta. The other Huerta delegate, Señor Garza, is a young lawyer, secretary to the vice president under Porfirio Díaz.

Huerta Reported in Panic. Mexico City, May 4.—That Huerta's position has been undermined to such an extent that he is no longer seeking to perpetuate his power, but would be glad to abdicate if he can only get assurance that his life and his fortune will be spared is now no longer a matter of doubt.

Official reports say that Huerta has already made overtures to the United States in an effort to save himself. He is willing to resign the presidency on condition that he be assured a safe conduct to a port and placed on board a foreign warship.

Safety Sole Aim. All of Huerta's acts during the last ten days, some of which at first sight appeared contradictory, may now easily be explained when it is borne in mind that for more than a week he has been trying to place himself in a position of safety.

The resignation of Jose Lopez Portillo y Rojas, Huerta's foreign minister, was probably the most significant concession made by the dictator. It has cleared the way eventually for the appointment of a foreign minister who under the Mexican constitution could succeed Gen. Huerta as president. It is pointed out while Venustiano Carranza declined to treat with Gen. Huerta he might consent to enter negotiations with his successor and thus facilitate mediation.

Steamer Sunk by Mine. A dispatch from Manzanillo on the Pacific coast announces that the Mexican steamer Lucila was sunk in the harbor by the explosion of a mine which had been planted for the United States protected cruiser Raleigh. No loss of life is mentioned.

Tramp U. S. Slaves. Washington, May 4.—American Consul Stadden of Manzanillo, who arrived at San Diego, Cal., on Saturday aboard the German steamer Kame with 250 refugees, reported to the state department that Mexicans on the day of his departure had taken American flags from the consulate, trampled upon them and burned them. He and his fellow Americans had been given forty-eight hours to leave Mexico, dating from noon, April 22.

Consul Stadden said the treatment given the Americans was "horrible." Had it not been for the good offices of the British and German consuls, he said, many Americans in the Colima districts would have been "slaughtered." Some Americans arriving at Manzanillo from the interior were forced to pay 1,000 pesos each to the military authorities.

Fifty Americans Trapped. "There are in the Guadalajara district," said his report, "fifty Americans who are not able to get out and who surely will be mobbed. The moment an American vessel enters the harbor, the federalists are prepared to abandon the town and blow up the American bridges. American flags have been taken out of the consulate, trampled on and burned by a mob. I was forced to leave, not being allowed to wait for Americans from the interior and not being permitted to take the flag ship sails."

Merges Ship Sails. Vera Cruz, May 4.—The bodies of seventeen American bluejackets and marines who fell victims to the Mexican snipers in the street fighting during the operations accompanying the occupation of Vera Cruz by the United States fleet, started on their way to New York on Sunday on board the armored cruiser Montana. Soldiers' bodies were paid by the vessel's company and passed slowly out of the harbor and were joined in by the vessels of the British, French and Spanish navies.

Shots Are Exchanged. A considerable force of Mexicans attacked the American outpost at the water plant nine miles out at 11 o'clock Saturday morning, according to a wireless message received in Vera Cruz. What had promised to be the first fight between the United States army and the Mexican troops Saturday, however, ended in the exchange of not more than half a dozen shots. The Mexicans threatened to "attack immediately unless the Americans surrendered their position at the water works at El Tejar within ten minutes," but failed to fulfill their menace.

Think Lascruain Assassinated. Mexico City, May 5.—The sudden and mysterious disappearance of Pedro Lascruain, minister of foreign affairs in the Madero cabinet and a few minutes president of his interim, has given rise to rumors of his assassination. Friends say he had incurred the enmity of the administration of late by his political activity.

Mexicans Beat Yankees. Vera Cruz, May 5.—Beaten, stripped of their clothes and robbed of \$800 in gold, three Americans have arrived here from Tampico on a schooner. They were Chas. Dean, Knoxville, William Bailey, of New Orleans, and Frank Evans of Calcasieu, La.

Rebels Plan Bold Assault. Vera Cruz, May 5.—A proclamation dated May 1 and signed by Zapata published on Wednesday in the local Mexican papers announces that the southern rebels will on May 6 attack Mexico City. It also condemns Gen. Huerta and Gen. Aureliano Blanquet to death. Zapata's proclamation is regarded as disposing of reports that he and Gen. Huerta were acting together and that Zapata was moving on Vera Cruz with his followers.

American Refugees Reach Capital. Washington, May 4.—The Brazilian minister at Mexico City, representing the interests of the United States here, reports that 100 Americans have reached the Mexican capital from Guanajuato.

Armistice Is Observed. Mexico City, May 4.—The war office has ordered general military command to suspend hostilities against Americans and rebels on account of the armistice.

Racine Resident Safe. Racine, May 4.—Frank Lintner, a master baker, who has been in Mexico the last year in the interest of some mining property, telegraphed on Saturday that he escaped from Sonora after some trouble and is now safe in Douglas, Ariz.

Beloit Boy at Front. Beloit, Wis., May 4.—Willis Bond of this city is a seaman on the battleship Florida, and was among the first to land at Vera Cruz.

Find American's Body. Laredo, Tex., May 4.—The body of Porfirio Laurel, an American ranchman, missing since last November, has been recovered from a grave near Nuevo Laredo.

Racine Sailor Drowned. Racine, May 4.—Frank Nejedly, aged 20, Racine, was drowned off Vera Cruz harbor, according to a telegram from Washington to his sister, Miss Annie Nejedly, on Saturday. He was swept overboard from the United States gunboat Cassin on April 23. No particulars as to how the accident happened are given. Nejedly was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nejedly, this city, and enlisted last September. He was a factory worker before enlistment.

LOPEZ PORTILLO Y ROJAS



Huerta's former foreign minister, whose resignation is regarded as significant concession by Mexican dictator.

HEADS BANK BOARD

WILSON SELECTS RICHARD OLNEY, CLEVELAND'S SECRETARY OF STATE, AS GOVERNOR.

ACCEPTANCE IS EXPECTED

Paul Warburg, Formerly of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. of New York, Also to Be Appointed a Currency Overseer—Olney Has Had Notable Career.

Washington, May 5.—President Wilson on Monday completed the roster of the federal reserve board, which will inaugurate the operation of the banking system provided by the recently enacted currency law.

The president has invited five men representing different sections of the country to form the board, together with Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and Controller of the Currency Williams.

The five selections are: Richard Olney of Boston, former secretary of state; Harry A. Wheeler of Chicago, merchant and banker.

Paul Warburg of New York, banker, W. P. G. Harding of Birmingham, Ala., banker.

Dr. A. C. Miller of San Francisco, authority on finance.

Although the president has offered the governorship to Mr. Olney, word of his acceptance was still awaited. Friends here were inclined to believe he would not decline.

The ambassadorship to Great Britain was offered to Mr. Olney early last year, but he expressed an unwillingness to leave the country because of his business interests.

Although Mr. Olney is seventy-eight years old, he is active, and has had a long experience in the business and financial world, which the president and his advisers believe would especially qualify him to be head of the reserve board.

Mr. Warburg, who was connected with Kuhn, Loeb & Co., has accepted the offer of membership on the board. As well as that of the other three members of the board, besides the governor, is expected to be made within the next two or three days, as offers are being made to the men whom the president has selected. It is understood that a southern banker is to be one of the three, but his identity is coming as yet as to his identity.

With the selection of the 12 regional reserve banks, the organization of the board has been the most vital step in the operation of the new currency law. The banks are being organized and the expectation of officials is that within another month the entire system will be in full operation.

Although there are no transitions which will occupy a greater time.

The complete board will consist of seven members at salaries of \$12,000 a year. The secretary of the treasury and the controller of the currency are ex-officio members, and the five other members are appointed by the president. The law stipulates that the members should be appointed with reference to the "geographical, commercial and financial divisions of the country."

With Mr. Olney representing New England and Mr. Warburg New York, it was expected that the other members to be selected would represent the South, the middle West and the far West.

Millionaire Is Slain by Son. Hiram Duryea, aged 81, of New York, murdered while asleep—slayer believed insane.

New York, May 5.—While suffering from mental delusions Chester Duryea, forty-three, shot and killed his father, Hiram Duryea, millionaire starch manufacturer, at 1:30 o'clock Tuesday morning, in their splendid home at 120 Eighth-street, Bay Ridge.

The eighty-five-year-old father, who had been suffering from mental delusions since 1909, had been watched intermittently by nurses because of his peculiarities, but at no time was he regarded as dangerous.

In June, 1909, he created a scene when a nurse attempted to remove him to a sanitarium for mental treatment. He was later declared sane by physicians.

The slaying of General Duryea on an open porch the second floor of the home where he stole cautiously upon him. The son was armed with a high-powered rifle and a revolver of large caliber. Whether Chester awoke his father before firing is not known, but servants were suddenly aroused by hearing seven shots ring out from the porch.

The son had then sent two or three bullets into the body of his father, who was lying on the porch. The sleeping house was aroused in an instant. Frightened servants rushed to the sleeping porch and found Chester, wild-eyed and threatening.

Olney Manufacturer in Jail. Chicago, May 5.—Judge Caylor imposed a sentence of two years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$10,000 upon John F. Jelke, oleomargarine manufacturer, found guilty of conspiracy to defraud the U. S. by false labels.

Youth Guilty of Slaying Father. Marshall, May 6.—John Davis, aged fifteen, pleaded guilty before Circuit Court Judge North to murdering his father, Harvey Davis, April 28. Noah E. Stanley, his brother-in-law, will have a trial in September.

School Trustees Sentenced to Jail. Chicago, May 6.—Thirty days in the county jail for eight members of the Chicago Board of Education adjudged guilty of contempt of court was the sentence imposed by Superior Court Judge Charles M. Foel.

1,000 Miners Returning to Work. Charleston, W. Va., May 6.—One thousand miners obeyed the orders of their leaders and returned to work at Raymond City, Plymouth and Blackberry. It is believed that 9,000 others who struck will return.

Over 50 Die in Fire in Chile. Valparaiso, Chile, May 6.—More than fifty lives were lost in a fire here. Several buildings were destroyed. Their flames construction rendered the efforts of the fire fighters virtually futile.

Kills Wife and Two Men. Terre Haute, Ind., May 6.—John Demore killed his wife and two men near here. The dead men were John Restrick and his son, Joe. He said the men were intimate with his wife.

Wilson Names Postmasters. Washington, May 4.—President Wilson nominated the following postmasters: Illinois—F. O. Loring, East Montpelier; Charles V. Walker, Odessa; Henry J. Richardson, Tecumseh; George Hanlon, Shawneetown.

Two Drowned at Sea. Port Stevens, Ore., May 4.—A launch loaded with mine-planting equipment, and manned by five soldiers, was swamped in a heavy sea at the mouth of the Columbia river. Two were drowned.

Names Alaskan Road Engineers. Washington, May 4.—President Wilson appointed William C. Eden and Lieut. Frederick Moore members of the Alaskan engineering commission which will locate the Alaskan railroad to be built by the government.

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North Is Sinking Rapidly. New York, May 4.—George W. Young, a banker of this city, is anxiously awaiting further news of the condition of his wife, Mme. Lillian Nordica, the prima donna, who is critically ill at Batavia, Java.

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WAITING FOR RESCUE OF RELATIVES



Relatives of the miners entombed by the disaster at Eccles, W. Va., waiting at the mouth of the shaft while rescue parties are trying to reach the doomed men.

GENERAL SICKLES DIES

LAST OF GREAT CIVIL WAR COMMANDERS PASSES AWAY.

Reconciliation With His Wife at Deathbed Ends Marital Estrangement of Twenty-nine Years.

New York, May 5.—Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, the choleric veteran of Gettysburg, died in his home, 23 Fifth avenue, on Sunday. Death, caused by cerebral hemorrhages, came quietly.

The general, whose life was one of continual tempest, surrendered to death as peacefully as a child might. He was eighty-nine years old. At his bedside when the end came was his wife, Caroline C. Sickles, who just three weeks ago returned to the old soldier after 29 years of absence.

Stanley Sickles, the old brigadier's son; John J. Kirby, attorney for Mrs. Sickles, and Fraser Mosely, the general's faithful negro body servant.

The untiring efforts of their son, Stanton, for the last six years finally proved successful. Sickles was born in New York city October 20, 1825, and was retired from active service in 1869. General Sickles was educated in the University of New York. He learned the printers' trade; studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1846; was a member of the New York legislature in 1847; was served all congress in 1857-61.

Through the Civil war and saw much active service. It was at Gettysburg that he had a leg shot off.

Under the authority of the president, Secretary of War Garrison issued a proclamation calling upon the people in the strike district of Colorado to surrender all arms and ammunition to the United States army officers now in charge of the various troubled localities.

The proclamation, addressed to Major Holbrook at Trinidad, is in the most sweeping terms and demands the disarmament of not only strikers but the mine guards.

Secretary of Labor Wilson is endeavoring to mediate in the strike under the power conferred on him by congress. He has appointed two commissioners of mediation, who will endeavor to bring the operators and strikers together in some plan of arbitration or other settlement.

The commissioners appointed by Secretary Wilson are Hywel Davies of the Kentucky Mine Operators' association, and William J. Fairley, an officer of the United Mine Workers.

Steamer Siberia Is Safe. Pacific Liner, Reported Lost, Had Uneventful Voyage and Reaches Manila.

Manila, May 4.—The Pacific Mail steamer Siberia arrived here on Friday. The captain of the vessel reports that the ship had an uneventful voyage from Nagasaki to Manila. Captain Zeeder expressed the belief that the reports in circulation that the ship was in distress off the coast of Formosa and had sent out calls for assistance arose over confusion in the call letters of the steamer Persia, "M. B. S." being mistaken for "S. O. S." the marine wireless request for aid.

Illinois Dies in Tornado. Monmouth, Ill., May 5.—A tornado swept through Northeast Warren county, killing Mr. Killer of Alexis, at the home of his son, Carl Jones, three miles northeast of Little Rock.

Coast Artillery to Border. Mobile, Ala., May 6.—A detachment of 210 members of the United States coast artillery battalion stationed at Fort Morgan, Ala., under command of G. Tyler, left in special train for duty on the border.

Daniels Lauds Seaman Hero. Washington, May 5.—Secretary Daniels wrote a letter of commendation to George G. Harker, ordinary seaman, for risking his own life in an attempt to rescue a civilian who was drowning.

Iron Workers on Strike. Kansas City, Mo., May 4.—A general strike of all iron workers in this district has begun. It affects all men in this occupation in eastern Kansas, western Missouri, Oklahoma and Arkansas.

Promise Big Coal Strike. Charleston, W. Va., May 4.—Unless the operators met the demand for an increase by the officials of the United Mine Workers of America a general strike order will be issued here.

Give Up Hope for Nordica. Batavia, Java, May 2.—Mme. Lillian Nordica has had a relapse and is shaking. The doctors give up all hope of her recovery. She will go to Genoa to meet her husband, George W. Young.

Taft Suffers From Sore Toe. New Haven, Conn., May 2.—Former President Taft is suffering from a slight injury to one of his toes. It is painful for him to walk and his physician has advised him to remain at home.

STATE MEETING OF OSTEOPATHS

Preparations Have Been Completed for Convention.

SESSIONS FOR TWO DAYS

Gathering Will Open on May 20 and Close on the 21st—Several Important Subjects Are to Be Discussed.

Madison.—Preparations have been completed for the annual meeting of the Wisconsin State Osteopathic association to be held in Fond du Lac May 20 and 21. Many important subjects will be discussed.

Prominent among the topics for discussion at the forthcoming meeting will be the question of amending the present state laws in order to better regulate the practitioners of mechanical therapeutics. Under the present laws, it is said, many quacks and fakirs, with short courses of correspondence, are practicing without licenses from the state medical board and with no regulation.

It is the purpose of the Wisconsin State Osteopathic society to work in harmony with the state medical society in getting specific laws governing all practitioners.

At the forthcoming meeting the question of having an osteopathic representative on the state medical board, one who practices osteopathy exclusively, will be determined.

The feature of the program at the two days' meeting will be presented by Dr. F. A. Turlier of Rensselaer, Ind., one of the foremost diagnosticians of the profession.

Call for Republican Convention. The call for a Republican state convention is in circulation. It probably will be held in Milwaukee in June, if the necessary number of signatures are obtained, and E. L. Phillips believes that several thousand names can be secured without difficulty.

The papers have been sent into every county. Only Republican voters will be asked to sign, said Mr. Phillips. When the papers have been returned a committee will be appointed to determine upon the details for the convention.

Republicans of Sauk county held a convention, adopting a platform demanding reforms and greater economy in the state government, and requesting Mr. Phillips to become the Republican candidate for governor of Wisconsin.

A. C. Clark of Reedsburg was elected chairman of the convention, and B. N. Robinson of Baraboo, secretary. The feeling was that change should be made in the management of the state's affairs by a return to truly representative government.

Discuss State Building Code. Architects and builders discussed whether a summer resort is a hotel, and should be placed under the same requirements in the state building code as a regular hotel, at the conference held in the Republican house with representatives of the state industrial commission last night.

The representatives of the commission were J. D. Beck and S. J. Williams, deputy in charge.

It was the opinion of some that the same rules should not apply.

The proposed code does not conflict with the Milwaukee building code.

State Wool Gains Fame. Products from Wisconsin wool rapidly are helping to make the Badger state famous.

A single factory located in Delavan within the last decade has sent knitted goods to practically every state of our own country, and to many across the oceans. It has come to be one of the best equipped plants in the middle west.

Wisconsin owes much of its success in breeding and raising fine wool to George McKerraw, who has been at the head of the Wisconsin Farmers' institute for a score of years, and has accomplished much for the soil tillers of the state, as well as for the wool bearing herds.

The McKerraw exhibit at the St. Louis World's Fair won a large number of valuable prizes, and the awards at various state fairs won by the Peconia sheep were of the highest class.

At the International Livestock show Wisconsin herds have always ranked high, the classes in an unusually large number of types being full. Mr. McKerraw has been an extensive importer and has visited some of the most noted sheep raising countries of the old world.

Women's Clubs Name Delegates. Delegates to the district convention of the Wisconsin Federation of Women's clubs will be held in Richland at the regular meeting of the Women's club held at the Woman's building on Friday afternoon.

The delegates and alternates were as follows: Mrs. Frank J. Main, Mrs. H. W. Chynoweth, Mrs. Joseph J. Brown, Mrs. F. E. Turneure, Mrs. J. W. Smith, Mrs. P. Haggerty, J. F. Smith, Acme Laundry company, Superior; capital, \$20,000; incorporators, Sam Schwartz, Andrew Hawkins, H. W. Dietrich.

The Elliott-Fisher company, a Pennsylvania corporation with \$100,000 capital and \$831 interest in Wisconsin, filed a statement to do business in the state.

Hadfield Theater company, Superior; capital, \$20,000; incorporators, W. M. Steel, M. H. H. L. A. Munro. Winger Hill Realty company, Madison; capital, \$10,000; incorporators, J. L. Menner, C. S. Luskey, P. B. Wynne. Weyerhaeuser Co-operative Creamery association, Weyerhaeuser, capital, \$5,000; incorporators, O. A. Bjerkie, L. Linsbush, Anton Soukup, P. J. Kaszela, J. J. Skrzynecki.

State Patents. Rezaed B. Brown, Milwaukee, assignor to Ritter-Conley Manufacturing Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., regenerative retort bench; H. W. Falk and W. K. Andrews, Milwaukee, carburetor valve and governor; William S. Harlow, Milwaukee, transmission gearing for motor-propelled vehicles; Frank J. Machette, Milwaukee, vacuum cleaning tool; Horace M. McCord, Minneapolis, assignor of five-twentieths to J. P. McDonough, La Crosse, holder for carbonyls.

Death Rate on the Increase.

The death rate in Wisconsin for the past three months is slightly higher than it has been for six months past, according to the quarterly mortality statement issued by the state board of health. During the months of January, February and March, 1914, 8,223 deaths were reported by the various local registrars throughout the state. This corresponds to an annual death rate of 13.36 per thousand estimated population. Comparing this rate with the rate of 12.93 per thousand for 1908, a rate of 12. per thousand for 1909, a rate of 12.3 per thousand for 1910, a rate of 12.7 per thousand for 1911, a rate of 13.27 per thousand for 1912 and a rate of 13.27 per thousand for 1913 shows an increase in the rate over previous years.

Considering the deaths reported by age groups there is a decrease of 8 in the number of deaths among children under one year of age, an increase of 14 to the group from one to four years and decrease of 173 in the age group of 65 years and over as compared with the mortality by age groups for 1913.

The more important causes of death with the number of deaths from each disease is as follows: Pulmonary tuberculosis, 543; other tuberculosis, 97; typhoid fever, 34; diphtheria, 91; scarlet fever, 33; measles, 14; whooping cough, 23; pneumonia, 1,190; meningitis, 36; influenza, 39; puerperal septicemia, 26; cancer, 476; and violence, 342. Comparing the number of deaths from certain diseases for the months of January, February and March, this year, with a similar report for 1913, there is a decrease in the number of deaths reported as follows:

Other forms of tuberculosis, 24; typhoid fever, 34; whooping cough, 39; meningitis, 33; influenza, 125 and puerperal septicemia, 2. It should be noted in this connection that there is a marked decline in the number of deaths reported from practically all of the dangerous, communicable diseases with the exception of diphtheria.

There is an increase in the number of deaths from the following: Pulmonary tuberculosis, 13; diphtheria, 20; measles, 7; pneumonia, 73; cancer, 49 and violence, 21.

The state health officer says that this increase "is not due to the prevalence of any of the so-called preventable diseases but results from chronic or deep-seated constitutional ailments which are attributed in large measure to improper living."

Considering the number of deaths from violence the report shows that 65 resulted from suicide; 66 from accidental fractures; 43 from railroad accidents; 18 from accidental drowning; 13 from accidental suffocation; 12 from accidental gunshot wounds; 12 from homicides; 6 from street cars and 3 from accidental freezing.

There are two deaths from infantile paralysis, five from tetanus.

Historical Society Library Open. Wisconsin's splendid library—the home of the State Historical society and of the University library—is complete with the new northwest wing thrown open for service.

The new wing, work on which was begun in 1911, and for which the legislature of 1911 appropriated the sum of \$54,000 annually for three years, has been given over to storage of the state's historical records. It is a fine library in the world, is space better equipped, or are there better arrangements. In this wing, the outside dimensions of which are 65 by 60 feet, 250,000 books are accommodated, or will be when the cases are full. The total number of bound volumes in the entire library now exceeds 400,000.

There are four main floors including the attic but excluding the basement. In the larger part of the wing there are six "stacks" or book floors. The extra floors are supplied by mezzanine floors of marble laid way between the regular floors which correspond to the floors of the main building.

The exterior of the northwest wing is of the type of classical architecture as the library proper, the material being white Bedford stone.

The interior arrangement of the northwest wing is different, however, from that of the southwest wing, which was built at the same time as the main part of the building, during the years from 1895 to 1900. The principal differences are the greater utility of space on the six book floors.

In the southwest wing, for example, there are ten cases on each of the two rows of cases on each floor. But in the new wing there are 12 cases in each row, and yet there is space enough between the cases for two persons to pass each other or to stand without crowding at any point between the cases.

This addition of two cases to each row or four to each of the six floors adds as much as twenty per cent to the book capacity of the new wing over that of the old wing.

Wisconsin Incorporations. Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of Secretary of State Donald as follows:

Western Malleable company, Beaver Dam; capital, \$40,000; incorporators, Louis N. Burn, A. C. Moeller, Emmett Horan, Jr.

St. Croix Athletic club, Houghton; capital, \$5,000; incorporators, J. P. Smith, E. P. Haggerty, J. F. Smith. Acme Laundry company, Superior; capital, \$20,000; incorporators, Sam Schwartz, Andrew Hawkins, H. W. Dietrich.

The Elliott-Fisher company, a Pennsylvania corporation with \$100,000 capital and \$831 interest in Wisconsin, filed a statement to do business in the state.

Hadfield Theater company, Superior; capital, \$20,000; incorporators, W. M. Steel, M. H. H. L. A. Munro. Winger Hill Realty company, Madison; capital, \$10,000; incorporators, J. L. Menner, C. S. Luskey, P. B. Wynne. Weyerhaeuser Co-operative Creamery association, Weyerhaeuser, capital, \$5,000; incorporators, O. A. Bjerkie, L. Linsbush, Anton Soukup, P. J. Kaszela, J. J. Skrzynecki.

State Patents. Rezaed B. Brown, Milwaukee, assignor to Ritter-Conley Manufacturing Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., regenerative retort bench; H. W. Falk and W. K. Andrews, Milwaukee, carburetor valve and governor; William S. Harlow, Milwaukee, transmission gearing for motor-propelled vehicles; Frank J. Machette, Milwaukee, vacuum cleaning tool; Horace M. McCord, Minneapolis, assignor of five-twentieths to J. P. McDonough, La Crosse, holder for carbonyls.

Women's Clubs Name Delegates. Delegates to the district convention of the Wisconsin Federation of Women's clubs will be held in Richland at the regular meeting of the Women's club held at the Woman's building on Friday afternoon.

The delegates and alternates were as follows: Mrs. Frank J. Main, Mrs. H. W.

FARM BULLETINS FOR THE ASKING

Many of the farmers of the United States government is spending a heap of money each year in the printing of bulletins that are intended for distribution among the farmers of the country, and which may be had for the asking, as they are printed at the government expense, and are the property of the people at large.

For a number of years past the government has maintained experimental stations in different parts of the country where certain subjects are taken up and studied by those in charge. These experiments are carried on for the purpose of settling questions that have caused agriculturists more or less perplexity, and are for the purpose of settling questions in a scientific manner that the average farmer has not the time nor desire to go into very deep, but which would be of immense benefit to him were he to be conversant with them.

After the experiments are completed the results are published in the form of a pamphlet, and that is the last anybody hears of them unless they keep posted on the matter and send in to a government for one of the bulletins.

These bulletins cover almost every subject that it is possible to think of, and each subject is treated in an exhaustive manner, and they apply to all parts of the country wherever a subject has come up that has caused the agriculturist trouble of any kind. Any one who does not care for all of these bulletins, but there is hardly a farmer with ordinary intelligence who could not read a few of them with profit.

A list of these bulletins cannot be given here, owing to the fact that there is something like five hundred of them, but by writing to the Secretary of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., a list can be obtained and from this list those bulletins that are of interest to a certain locality may be selected, and they will be sent upon request.

Remember that it does not cost you anything for them, and that they are of no use to anybody except to be distributed among the farmers and those engaged in agricultural pursuits, chicken and cattle raising, fruit raising and kindred occupations.

Farmers, as a general thing, are a little backward in sending for and reading these scientific reports, but there is no reason why they should be. Very few of us have so much knowledge that we could not make good use of a little more, and the more that a farmer knows about the business these days the better his chances are of producing a surplus on the land he is cultivating. Almost anybody can take a piece of land and manage to scratch out a miserable existence of some kind. Even the Indians do this, but it is a far cry from the fellow who barely exists and the one who produces enough surplus to have some of the luxuries of life as he goes along.

Wisconsin is distinctly a small farm state, a large majority of the farms containing one hundred sixty acres or less, and as a result the farmers of this state should study intensive farming rather than extensive farming. If the same amount of produce can be grown on slightly less than half the area, it can be readily seen that it would be a benefit to the man who solved the problem. And this is not an impossibility by any means. Many a man who is cultivating a hundred and sixty acres could easily produce the same amount on a single forty if he knew how, and he can learn how it is done if he has the mind to.

Don't put the matter off. Write to the Secretary of Agriculture and get a list of these bulletins and you will be surprised at the large number of subjects that are handled.

Uniforms for State Employees

(From the Milwaukee Sentinel.)
To the Editor of The Sentinel:

I would suggest another law be added to the multitude already enacted in Wisconsin. It is this: a law making it compulsory that every employee of the state—from the governor down to the smallest state employee—wear a bright scarlet uniform (complete suit) at all times when in public and bearing a tag on the left breast with a large printed number—figures to be not less than two inches and plain type—these numbers to be serial and corresponding with a printed list to be furnished by the secretary of state to every taxpayer of the state (postpaid free) on written application of any taxpayer, such list to give the name, residence, official capacity, salary, etc., of the wearer of the corresponding number.

Penalty for appearing in public without such uniform at any time to be dismissal from service of the state forever and the added penalty of thirty days' wheeling, for any state-aided highway. If being optional whether such employee sleep in said uniform or not, doubtless many would do so rather than take any chances of losing a berth with out state government. Overcoats to be of a bright scarlet color also.

The many advantages of such a system will suggest itself to any one who will give the matter a little thought. Each taxpayer could carry the official list, provided fine type were used in printing same so as not to make too cumbersome a volume for the pocket, and when a scarlet suit loomed in sight one could easily refer to his list to determine just what particular function that particular suit wearer was performing and the amount of taxes he was eating.

In cases where the same employee was drawing down two or more salaries from the state, different colors could be used (each properly designated in the reference index) say, when two salaries were being drawn, one side of the uniform could be scarlet and the other some other color, and in cases where several salaries were paid each arm or leg could be of some other designated color.

I have in mind many other suggestions, but will hold them for the present and permit those of your readers who may approve of this proposition to offer their views, provided you see fit to publish this communication.

BILL YAWP.
Pittsville, Wis.

Woman Killed by Cars.—While returning to the city from the plant of the Whiting-Plover Paper Co. at the completion of her day's work, Miss Katherine Manchucki, a resident of the Fourth ward, was struck and instantly killed by a switch train on the Green Bay and Western railway a short distance south of the Bliss avenue crossing at 5:55 o'clock Wednesday evening. The train, consisting of two box cars and the locomotive, with the locomotive in the middle, was also returning to the city from the paper mill, where some switching had been done. Engineer Joseph Doyle, as the train rounded the curve near the Whiting avenue crossing, saw Miss Manchucki while crossing between the rails some distance ahead. Shortly afterward she was seen to step off to one side, where she began walking on the path. As the train reached the straight stretch of track Miss Manchucki was not visible to the engine crew, but George Bigelow who was on the top of the forward car, saw her. She was again on the track and Mr. Bigelow, as the train drew near her, gave a warning cry. Unfortunately Miss Manchucki was deaf and remained unconscious of her danger. As the train, which was running at a low rate of speed, drew dangerously close, Mr. Bigelow hastily descended to the ground and tried to reach Miss Manchucki. He was too late to save her; the car struck her and she fell beneath the wheels. Her head was completely severed from the body and lay on the outside of the rails and was badly bruised, both arms and one foot being crushed.—Stevens Point Journal.

Legal Blanks for sale at this office.

RUDOLPH
L. P. Smith, an evangelist will hold services at the M. E. church, Sunday, May 16th. In the morning at 11 o'clock. At the 2:30 services the children are especially invited and an evening service at 7:30. This gentleman will be here to conduct services in the evening from May 21 to June 7, everybody is cordially invited to each and all the meetings.

Mrs. A. J. Kujawa returned home Wednesday night from Milwaukee where she visited her husband since the Thursday before.

Dr. Loock was called here Thursday to see Mrs. Joe Shuckey who is quite sick. Dr. Loock is the son of Frank Rutledge, who is working for Dick Kozier and a narrow escape from being killed last Thursday forenoon when he was hit by a car. He was taken to the hospital and then to a garage where he got scared and then started out toward him to both the boys, until one raised his head and swung the bar, so that the car ran over his arm and leg. No bones were broken but several stitches were taken to close the cuts. He is getting along nicely.

Mrs. Winfield Scott and Miss Anna returned home Saturday from a three weeks' visit in Milwaukee and Big Bend, Tex. Mrs. Scott, an assessor, has been very busy for the past couple of weeks and taking early morning walks.

Mrs. Walter Dickson and Miss Kate Hurley attended a surprise party on Mrs. Grover Stout in Babcock last Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. J. Bowker and daughter Mildred were shopping in your city last Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kuyper left here Wednesday forenoon for their home in Milwaukee after a week's visit here and in Grand Rapids. They came up to attend the wedding of his sister.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Sutor and daughter Ethel of Grand Rapids and Mr. Louis Lommas, great Sunday afternoon at the Mrs. Shuckey home.

Mrs. Arthur Clark and son Alvin and daughter Wealthy returned here last night. Mrs. Clark and son Alvin are in Merrill.

Mrs. E. J. Marceau and daughter Madeleine left on Monday morning to spend a week in Stevens Point at the home of her sister Mrs. Louisa Burns.

The people of Rudolph are getting interested in having a grand old time at the station. It would be a very nice thing for the children and a nice addition to the town. Everybody gets busy and think it would do all you can to push the good work along.

Word has been received from Mr. A. J. Kujawa who is in St. Mary's hospital in Milwaukee that he is getting along nicely and was able to sit up a short while on Saturday and Sunday.

FOURTEEN MILE CREEK
P. A. Reid who has been visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Reid at Vesper has returned to his brother again where he expects to spend the summer. Robbie Holmes of Big Bluffs was a caller at Israel Jones' Sunday.

Ed. Wolger and Elizabeth and Richard Carlson were Grand Rapids shoppers on Saturday.

Edith and Judith Carlson attended Sunday school in the East school house Sunday.

Robert Carlson played ball at the Robert Carlson playground. Mr. Rudolph Zindell took him over in his auto.

Legal blanks for sale at this office.

LOCAL ITEMS

Frank Cronk, a farmer in the town of Sigel is seriously ill with stomach trouble.

Mrs. Rose McFarland of Oshkosh is visiting with friends in the city for a week.

P. C. Bandelin of Watertown visited with relatives in the city several days the past week.

S. H. Smart is nursing a very sore hand which is the result of having cut his right thumb on a circular saw.

Miss Mayme Pomainville departed last week for Rochester, Minn., where she underwent a surgical operation at the Mayo Bros. hospital.

Fred Getzlaff and Leona Karnatz, two of our popular young people, were married on Wednesday, May 14, at 4:30 o'clock at the Lutheran church on Eighth street north; Rev. Paul officiating.

The bride and groom were attended by the Misses Ella Dittman and Lillian Getzlaff and Messrs. Fred and Harry Karnatz. A big reception was given to about fifty relatives and friends at the home of the bride's parents. This young couple will make their home in Milwaukee where Mr. Getzlaff holds a responsible position as machinist. The Tribune wishes with their many friends in extending congratulations.

Removed Old Restriction.

National banks can now loan money on farm security since the new federal reserve districts were formed. Notice has just been sent out by the secretary of the treasury to all the national banks giving them permission to make part of their loans on unencumbered farm property. These loans, however, must be for a term of five years or less and will not be allowed to be placed on property that is not in the reserve district in which they are situated. They are also restricted to loans of not more than one fourth of the amount of the bank's capital stock and surplus.

The law requires that the land to be mortgaged shall not be wild or over-landed and must be an improved farm, and that the officials of the bank. This is a great boon to the National banks who can now legally accommodate some of their patrons whom they have been obliged to refuse loans to before because of the refusal of bank examiners to accept as good notes secured by mortgages on farm lands.

MARKET REPORT.
Pork dressed 9 1/2-10
Veal 9-10
Hay, Timothy 10-12
Potatoes 5-55
Hides 20-23
Butter 10-11
Eggs 15
Hens 10-14
Dats 36
Beef 4-6
Rye 54
Rye Flour 38.80
Patent Flour 58.20

"Follow the Crowd" is the slogan of sheep that are destined soon to become mutton!

JOEMS-THIEM
Famous Two-Speed Motorcycles and Delivery Cars

Parcel Delivery Service for anyone at rates that will interest you.

Ahdawagam Motor Service Co.
213 3rd St. South. Phone 194

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WANT COLUMN

FOR RENT.—Farm. Also large roomy house near high school. Rent reasonable. M. L. Gnsburg.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.—A two-story house and one lot with barn, at Birton for farming land. Steve Prusynski, Birton.

FOR SALE.—Registered Guernsey bull. Lynn Turner, Vesper, Wis. 21*

FOR SALE.—At a bargain, a mahogany buffet, rocker and small oil stove. Phone 509.

FOR SALE.—A bargain in a forty acre farm in the town of Rudolph. Good barn and buildings. Want to sell everything, owing to old age. Louis Lommas, R. F. D. 2.

FOR RENT.—A dandy money making farm. Consists of 80 acres, clay soil, about 45 acres under plow, rest good pasture; also good house and barns. Some of it is seeded in oats already. Will rent it reasonable if taken at once. Call at the Tribune office or see Frank Shear, Vesper, Wisconsin.

WANTED.—Stock to pasture, Alex Garrow, Case farm, Grand Rapids, R. No. 2.

FOR SALE.—The old Julius Kuntz farm in town of Seneca, 40 acres; all high land on Hemlock Creek. Price \$1100. O. J. Leu, R. 3.

FOR SALE.—Four pure bred Holstein bulls from three to nine months old. Two of them are sons of my present herd bull, Plain View. Sir present herd bull, Plain View. Sir present herd bull, Plain View. Sir present herd bull, Plain View.

FOR SALE.—A Ford Touring car in first class condition. Just been overhauled, new tires, and well equipped. Run less than 5000 miles. Enquire at Tribune office.

WANTED.—A capable farmer to manage a farm we are building near Dexterville. Arpin Cranberry Co.

FOR SALE.—One combination double or single seat BUGGY, original cost \$200. One Michigan Bug Co. PHANTOM, original cost \$225. Both as good as new to 2500 miles. Both as good as new to 2500 miles. Both as good as new to 2500 miles.

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Johnson & Hill Company

House Cleaning Time

House Cleaning Time calls for many new things. You may need new Wall Paper, Paint, Curtain Stretchers, Carpet Sweepers, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Carpet Beaters, Step Ladders, or possibly a new Broom.

Here you will find everything you need at the lowest prices.

Carpet Section

8x10 Deltex grass rugs, in brown, blue and green. These rugs are good for bedroom or dining room each \$6.00

9x12 wool and Fibre rugs in a large range of colors and patterns, each \$11.00

White curtain nets in pretty patterns, 36 in. wide, per yard 15c

Lace curtains in endless variety of patterns, ecru or white at per pair, \$12.00 down to 50c

Ask to see the beautiful curtains 2 1/2 yards long, 32 inches wide in ecru and white that we are selling for per pair 75c

Large size adjustable curtain stretchers with straight pins, each 75c

Large size adjustable curtain stretchers with adjustable pins, each \$1.75

Adjustable awnings for home use, special each \$1.25

Jewel carpet soap makes your carpets look like new per bar 15c

Bissell's Carpet sweepers are the best sweeper on the market. We have a large assortment ranging in prices at \$2.75, \$4.75, \$6.00, \$7.50, \$9.00, \$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00, \$40.00, \$45.00, \$50.00, \$55.00, \$60.00, \$65.00, \$70.00, \$75.00, \$80.00, \$85.00, \$90.00, \$95.00, \$100.00, \$105.00, \$110.00, \$115.00, \$120.00, \$125.00, \$130.00, \$135.00, \$140.00, \$145.00, \$150.00, \$155.00, \$160.00, \$165.00, \$170.00, \$175.00, \$180.00, \$185.00, \$190.00, \$195.00, \$200.00, \$205.00, \$210.00, \$215.00, \$220.00, \$225.00, \$230.00, \$235.00, \$240.00, \$245.00, \$250.00, \$255.00, \$260.00, \$265.00, \$270.00, \$275.00, \$280.00, \$285.00, \$290.00, \$295.00, \$300.00, \$305.00, \$310.00, \$315.00, \$320.00, \$325.00, \$330.00, \$335.00, \$340.00, \$345.00, \$350.00, \$355.00, \$360.00, \$365.00, \$370.00, \$375.00, \$380.00, \$385.00, \$390.00, \$395.00, \$400.00, \$405.00, \$410.00, \$415.00, \$420.00, \$425.00, \$430.00, \$435.00, \$440.00, \$445.00, \$450.00, \$455.00, \$460.00, \$465.00, \$470.00, \$475.00, \$480.00, \$485.00, \$490.00, \$495.00, \$500.00, \$505.00, \$510.00, \$515.00, \$520.00, \$525.00, \$530.00, \$535.00, \$540.00, \$545.00, \$550.00, \$555.00, \$560.00, \$565.00, \$570.00, \$575.00, \$580.00, \$585.00, \$590.00, \$595.00, \$600.00, \$605.00, \$610.00, \$615.00, \$620.00, \$625.00, \$630.00, \$635.00, \$640.00, \$645.00, \$650.00, \$655.00, \$660.00, \$665.00, \$670.00, \$675.00, \$680.00, \$685.00, \$690.00, \$695.00, \$700.00, \$705.00, \$710.00, \$715.00, \$720.00, \$725.00, \$730.00, \$735.00, \$740.00, \$745.00, \$750.00, \$755.00, \$760.00, \$765.00, \$770.00, \$775.00, \$780.00, \$785.00, \$790.00, \$795.00, \$800.00, \$805.00, \$810.00, \$815.00, \$820.00, \$825.00, \$830.00, \$835.00, \$840.00, \$845.00, \$850.00, \$855.00, \$860.00, \$865.00, \$870.00, \$875.00, \$880.00, \$885.00, \$890.00, \$895.00, \$900.00, \$905.00, \$910.00, \$915.00, \$920.00, \$925.00, \$930.00, \$935.00, \$940.00, \$945.00, \$950.00, \$955.00, \$960.00, \$965.00, \$970.00, \$975.00, \$980.00, \$985.00, \$990.00, \$995.00, \$1000.00, \$1005.00, \$1010.00, \$1015.00, \$1020.00, \$1025.00, \$1030.00, \$1035.00, \$1040.00, \$1045.00, \$1050.00, \$1055.00, \$1060.00, \$1065.00, \$1070.00, \$1075.00, \$1080.00, \$1085.00, \$1090.00, \$1095.00, \$1100.00, \$1105.00, \$1110.00, \$1115.00, \$1120.00, \$1125.00, \$1130.00, \$1135.00, \$1140.00, \$1145.00, \$1150.00, \$1155.00, \$1160.00, \$1165.00, \$1170.00, \$1175.00, \$1180.00, \$1185.00, \$1190.00, \$1195.00, \$1200.00, \$1205.00, \$1210.00, \$1215.00, \$1220.00, \$1225.00, \$1230.00, \$1235.00, \$1240.00, \$1245.00, \$1250.00, \$1255.00, \$1260.00, \$1265.00, \$1270.00, \$1275.00, \$1280.00, \$1285.00, \$1290.00, \$1295.00, \$1300.00, \$1305.00, \$1310.00, \$1315.00, \$1320.00, \$1325.00, \$1330.00, \$1335.00, \$1340.00, \$1345.00, \$1350.00, \$1355.00, \$1360.00, \$1365.00, \$1370.00, \$1375.00, \$1380.00, \$1385.00, \$1390.